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ESTABLISHED 1845

January 24, 1919, Temperature 64.

Rainfall 0.06 inch.

Humidity 98.

January 24, 1918, Temperature 52.

No. 17371.

號四廿月正年九十百九千一西英

HONGKONG,

FRIDAY,

JANUARY, 24,

1919.

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SHANGHAI BANK CASE.

SENSATIONAL ARGUMENT.

At the Shanghai Mixed Court on January 16 before Mr. Grant Jones, British Assessor, and Magistrate Kosh, Wm. Pucher, manager of the Austrian Lloyd made an application for the return to him of all money which was found in a safe kept in a Chinese house in Tongshan Road and which had been seized by order of the Court.

The applicant was unrepresented. Mr. G. H. Wright appearing for the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank and Mr. G. D. Musso for the Bureau of Liquidation, both of whom had obtained judgments against the Austrian Lloyd.

Mr. Pucher made a preliminary application that this matter should be heard in camera, which was not granted.

Mr. Wright said that the judgment obtained by his clients was for Tls. 8,800 and it was still unsatisfied. The bank had been unable to locate any assets at the time and no steps had been taken particularly in view of Mr. Pucher's statement on those occasions that he had then no interest in the Austrian Lloyd.

Mr. Pucher, examined by Mr. Wright, said that when he was approached in January, 1918, by an officer of the Court for the purpose of serving the writ in the bank's case upon him, the office of the Austrian Lloyd was closed and had been closed since October, 1917. Witness, however, kept a room in town for the purpose of dealing with the seamen of the Austrian Lloyd.

Mr. Wright: Where was this new office?—I had a room in Messrs. Arnold, Karberg's.

You paid rent for that?—Well, the rent came out of relief money I procured here.

Who did you debit with the rent?—Well, I debited the Austrian Lloyd account.

Did you not tell the officer of the Court when he tried to serve you in January of last year that you were no longer connected with the Austrian Lloyd?—No, I said the Austrian Lloyd office was closed.

Did you not refuse to accept anything pertaining to the Austrian Lloyd?

Witness, in reply to further questions, said that as manager of the firm he kept books and the book produced which was kept by a clerk under him showed the money paid and received on account of the firm. When China declared war witness had any amount of trouble, any number of creditors came along and there was nothing left for him to do but to close the office.

Mr. Wright: Was it not a false statement of fact when you said that you had no longer anything to do with the Austrian Lloyd?—I never said that. I said the Austrian Lloyd office was closed.

What did you wish the officer of the Court to believe from that?—Nothing, but that a special order was required for me to accept the summons.

As agent of the company he continued to draw his salary of Tls. 1,000 per month from the time the Bank's petition was filed until October, 1918. The case came up for trial in March.

Mr. Wright: In March you drew six months' salary in advance, Tls. 6,000. Will you tell me why you did that?—The money was paid out of the Commercial Bank of China for relief purposes and what could I do? In times like this the best way was to dispose of the money as soon as we got it.

The fact that he drew his salary in advance had nothing to do with the trial of that action. It was simply to get rid of the money as he had no means of keeping it.

Mr. Wright: Was it not because you were afraid the Bank would get it?—No.

Why was your office safe not taken to Arnold, Karberg's?—Well, I have given my reason for this in writing. If you had asked me at the time if there were any assets of the Austrian Lloyd you would have got a clear statement.

Why did you pay Tls. 6,000 to the Dutch Consulate in November, 1917?—This is a mistake.

It may have been a mistake, but did you do it?—

The Assessor:—Did you or did you not pay Tls. 8,000 to the Dutch Consulate in November, 1917?—The money was brought from the Commercial Bank.

Did you or did you not pay it to the Dutch Consulate?—Yes, it was paid to the Dutch Bank.

Witness said the money was an instalment of Tls. 80,000 allowed by the Chinese Government for relief purposes. They took the money out in March, 1918.

The Assessor: Where was the necessity to turn the Dutch Consulate into your bankers? Why did you not

leave it in the Commercial Bank?—

The Chinese Government released the money in six instalments.

That is not the question. Why, if you did not require the money for immediate purpose, did you put it in the Dutch Consulate?—Why did you make the Dutch Consul your banker?—The Dutch Consul was responsible to the Chinese Government for the proper disbursement of money.

Did you get interest on this sum?—No. I got no interest.

Mr. Wright said the reason why the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank instituted the proceedings was because they had reason to believe that there was money of the defendant firm in the Commercial Bank. When they wrote to the Commercial Bank in April asking if there were any money of the Austrian Lloyd in their hands, they replied there was none, and yet the books of Mr. Pucher showed that he drew Tls. 5,000 the following month.

Witness replied that he had no concern with the reply of the bank.

The Assessor: When you were in receipt of your salary as manager, why did you refuse service of the summons?—I did it on principle.

The Assessor: Principle? Principle? You don't know the meaning of the word.

Mr. Musso then produced a letter written by the witness which represented his monthly requirements: Tls. 250 for office rent and Chinese staff; maintenance of manager and family Tls. 600; clerk and family, Tls. 300; maintenance of 25 superior officers, Tls. 100 per month; Tls. 2,500; allowances to 60 men, \$10 per month, \$600; hospital, doctors and medicine, Tls. 800 per month.

Mr. Musso (to witness): You have not paid Tls. 250 per month for office rent; you have not paid Tls. 600 to yourself, but Tls. 1,100; you have not paid the various sums stated in your letter, but you have provided for yourself and left the others in the lurch?—I have not left the others in the lurch.

In answer to the Assessor, Mr. Musso said that there was found in the safe \$2,500 notes; Tls. 4,500, notes; Kronen 4,000 in notes; \$215 Bank of Territorial notes; and certain other notes which were not mentioned.

The Assessor pointed out that there was a claim against the firm by the Shanghai General Hospital for \$2,000 odd which had not yet been heard.

Mr. Musso: That is what the witness should have paid out of the money he received. He has included it in his letter.

Witness said that claim was being disputed. He continued by asking for the delivery to him of all the money found in the safe, stating that it was money saved out of his salary.

The Assessor: What right have you to draw Tls. 1,100 per month if you are not manager. Have you not been defrauding the firm?—No, sir, I have it in writing.

The Assessor remarked that the very fact he refused to accept the summons amounted to a statement that he was no longer manager.

Witness replied that he had maintained the same attitude with relation to correspondence on the Austrian Lloyd's affairs.

The Assessor: A lie is not made the truth by constant repetition. After remarks from counsel the Court refused Mr. Pucher's application.

Mr. Pucher: May I have leave to appeal?

The Assessor: No. You are a very lucky man to escape commitment for contempt of Court. Now go away.

THE HUN WILD BEAST.

The following extract is from a letter dated November 4, from Private T. A. Bramm, of the Manchester Regiment:—

"Every man in the battalion has seen today for himself what an absolute beast the German is. We have all heard and read of atrocities, and at the lack of our minds have hoped that the tales were untrue or exaggerated; but seeing is believing. We entered a village at noon today only to find it the enemy the same in raising. News was soon spread around that in a certain cottage, if the road, was the mutilated body of a young woman."

"Our colonel had the whole battalion paraded and we all filed, man by man, through the house where the dead was done. The poor girl's body was stark naked, and the legs, arms, and breasts had been hacked off. (No leg was lying in the next room, and the place was all deranged as if there had been a struggle. It was quite the most terrible sight I have seen, but I think the commanding officer did the right thing, so that the men might see for themselves what they are fighting to preserve others from."

"In the last village we stayed at over night we stopped coffee at the hands of a few civilians we found. They did not wish to take any pay, and seemed in a kind of dazed state, their four years of bondage. All I can say is thank goodness the war never reached this land."

RICE.

ALL ABOUT THE PRESENT SCARCITY AND HIGH PRICE.

(CHINA MAIL SPECIAL.)

The prevailing high prices of rice are due, naturally, to scarcity of the product caused by the fact that we are now right between two crops, but mainly to the demand created by the extensive purchases of Japanese merchants, who, it is thought, in some quarters, are representing the Japanese Government. It is generally conceded that the Japanese Government finances the big merchants. It is reported that some of the local Japanese dealers have accumulated 175,000 tons of rice within the past four months, approximately half of which has been shipped to Japan, the remainder still being in storage locally. Whether or not this was done by or for the Japanese Government, the fact remains that an embargo has been placed upon the exportation of rice from Japan, when once landed in that country.

Until the war, Hongkong was the centre of rice operations, but through the particular efforts of Japanese combinations, including the Japanese Government, the market is partly shifting to Kobe, due in part to the shipping facilities which have Kobe as their centre.

Japan is now purchasing rice in Hongkong, Bangkok, Saigon and Rangoon, there being no restrictions upon the exportation from these places, and in the case of the rice secured in the south, is shipped direct to Kobe, in ships which are provided, at the instigation of the Japanese Government, especially for that purpose.

The rice shipped to Hongkong is secured largely by Chinese merchants here who sell it indiscriminately, about 75 per cent. of the recent shipments having been secured by present prices in Hongkong are the highest in 50 years, and \$3.50 per picul above the prevailing prices in March and April of 1918. Saigon wholesale prices, which may be used as a criterion of the general market, have increased from 2.4.83 per picul or 134 pounds gross, F. O. B. Saigon, without freight or insurance, No. 2 white round sifted quality, on June 23, 1918, to 2.10.40, same qualifications, on December 20, 1918. Local prices have increased from 30 to 40 per cent. in the past four months, the most pronounced individual increase occurring when the embargo upon the importation into the United States was abolished on January 10.

The price increasing 80 cents per picul the day the news was received. News was received yesterday that the embargo had again been imposed, resulting, possibly, in the fact that the price of rice has decreased 20 cents per picul in the past 24 hours. (This at 11 a.m. on January 24.)

The authorities at Canton, Macao, Straits, and the Philippines have all taken steps to alleviate the conditions in their respective places, but no action has been taken by the local authorities, although they are seriously considering the matter. Ostensibly upon the advice of the Hongkong rice guild, they have imposed no regulations governing the price or exportation of the commodity.

The rice dealers, at a general meeting held yesterday, practically pledged themselves to keep a sufficient supply of rice on hand to obviate the possibility of a crisis, there being enough in their possession now to tide over the situation until the latter part of March, when the new crop from Saigon is expected. Because of these promises of the rice dealers, the Government has not considered an export embargo necessary. Added to this is the fact that with the Siam crop gradually coming in, the prices are tending downward, and it is not anticipated that the price will exceed, at any time in the near future, those prevailing of late.

In the case of a probable further shortage, the following means of relief have been suggested: A maximum price set by the Government; an embargo upon the exportation from Hongkong; the purchase and sale of the cereal by the Government.

COROUP.

EVERY young child is susceptible to Croup. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when chemists' shops are usually closed, and this alone should be a warning. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at hand. It never fails, acts quickly and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

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AND SURVIVOR.
Public Auctions.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY, January 25, 1919,
commencing at 11 a.m.
At the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.

163 bbls. Mild Steel Bars 1" (round)
422 lbs. do 1" (do)
15 lbs. do 3/4" (do)
63 lbs. do 2 1/2" (square)
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89 bbls. Flat Iron Bars 1" x 1 1/2"
75 bbls. do 1 1/2" x 3"
50 bbls. Square Iron Bars 1" x 1 1/2"

On view Now.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, January 21, 1919.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from Mrs. J. S. Dobson to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, January 23, 1919
Commencing at 9:30 p.m.
at her residence, No. 52 The Peak, (Des Voeux Villa).

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Comprising:—
Leather upholstered easy chairs, Chesterfield armchairs, Teak hall seat, tea and card tables, Teak bookcase, brass mounted curio cabinet, Raw silk screens, Water colours, Cut velvet pictures, Japanese plaques, bronzes and brass ware, Lace and Madras curtains, Electric table fan, Electric burners and stoves, etc.

Teak sideboard with bevelled mirror, Extension dining table and dining chairs, Dinner wagon, chiffonier, ice chest, French hand-painted coffee cups, Conch shell plated ware (cups), electric kettle, toaster, etc.
Double and single iron and Teak beds, Wardrobes, Dressing tables, Marble top washstands, Console tables, with long mirror, chest of drawers, toilet crockery, etc., etc.

Pantry and Kitchen requisites.

Also
A few pieces of Fine Japanese Oak Furniture by Arthur & Bond, Yokohama table, bookcase with electric fittings, writing table, wardrobe with bevelled mirror and dressing table.

Blackwood-ware (Joss table, curio stand, tables, cake stand, teapots and stool).

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One Coalport tea set.

On view from Sunday, 26th inst. Catalogues will be issued.

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GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

January 21, 1919.

G. P. R.
SANITARY BOARD OFFICE,
HONGKONG.

TO THE
OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 3 of the DOMESTIC CLEANLINESS (as amended), every Domestic Building or part of such Building within the CENTRAL Division of the City of Victoria, and the WESTERN Division of Kowloon occupied by Members of more than one family, except those within the European Reservation or in Kowloon South of Austin Road, or those parts of a Domestic Building used as a Shop, Office or Godown, must be CLEANSED and DISEASED THROUGHOUT by the Owners during the months of December and January.

N.B.—The word "throughout" used in this Notice means that the Houses should be limewashed in respect of all the Walls of each Room, all Outlets, Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all Ceilings and the Undersides of Eaves in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs.

The Backyard must have its containing Walls limewashed up to the level of the First Floor.

Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be limewashed, but must be Cleaned.

The CENTRAL Division of the City lies between Gilman Street and Peel Street, on the East and Tank Lane and Clarendon Street on the West.

Kowloon is divided into the Eastern and Western Divisions by Nathan Road and a straight line drawn from the North and through the Yaucoi service reservoir to the Northern Boundary of Kowloon.

D. DANBY,
Secretary.
Dated this 24th day of Jan., 1919.

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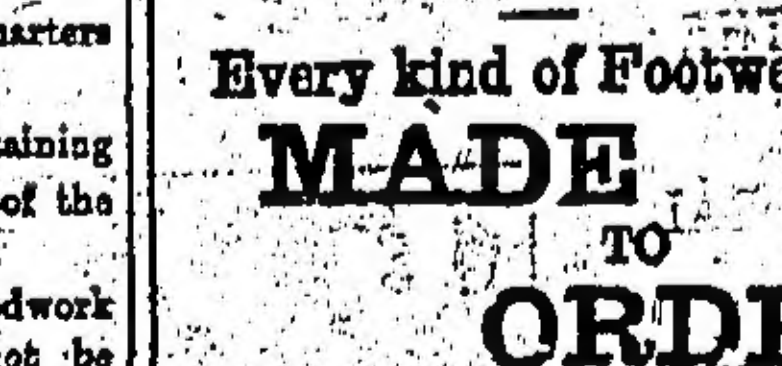
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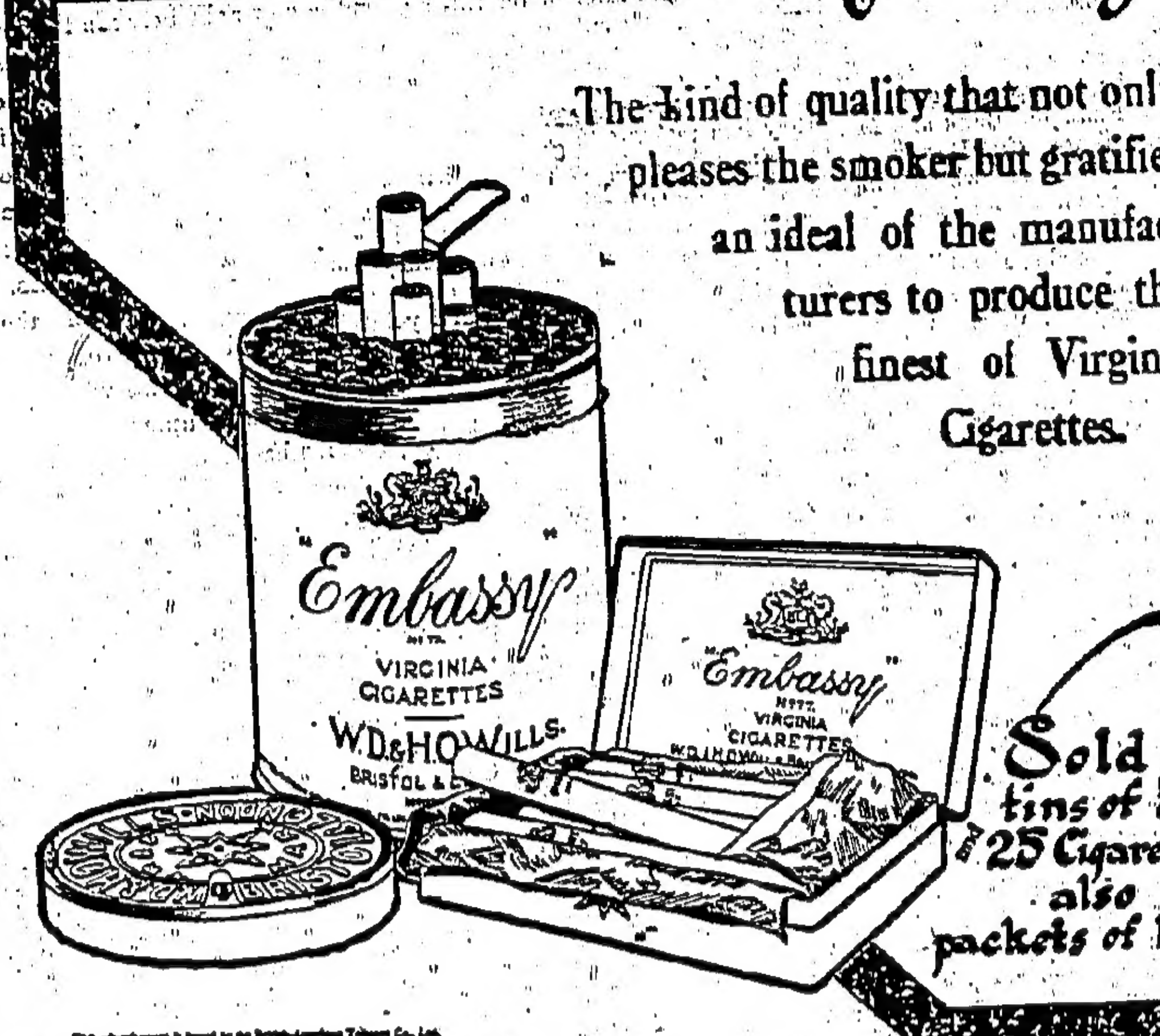


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A HORRIBLE HUN.

After one of the last battles of the war, a captured German general was invited to assume an air of importance and when the waiter called out the day's list of cuts, he said in English, "Is that all? Horrible!" A subaltern on being waited on gave a perfect imitation of the general, exclaiming, "Is that all? Horrible!" The German sprang to his feet. "Do you know who I am? I am a general of the German army." "Is that all?" interrupted the sub. "Horrible!"

SOUTHAMPTON WAR RECORD.

Statistics for Southampton port for the four years of the war show 7,000,000 men passed through the port. A tabulation follows:
Men 7,000,000
Horses and mules 621,000
Guns and limbers 14,000
Vehicles 110,000
Supplies (tons) 3,600,000
Ships handled 16,600
The daily average was: Men, 4,000; horses and mules, 600; guns and limbers, 10; vehicles and motor lorries, 100; stores, supplies and ammunition, 2,000 tons, and ships handled, 10.

CARAVAN KITCHEN IN ENGLAND.

Chelms developed the national kitchen idea during the closing days of the war to the extent that a travelling "caravan kitchen" was introduced to serve people who could not get to the depots. The caravan kitchen is a tarpaulin covered van equipped with a range and drawn by horses. It cooks en route food suitable for 30 patients, including special soup, milk puddings, fish, jam tarts and rolls. Three or four assistants accompany the operator of the van which travels through Chelms three times a week with 500 portions. The national kitchen recalls the old "banhouses," famous in the days of George III., from which on a Good Friday 240,000 buns were sold.

INFLUENZA VICTIMS.

The victims of the influenza in France have included several well-known people. One of the latest is the only child of M. Aristide Francis, Mme. Michel Peichari, who like M. Pascal Coccadi, M. Cail-Jaury's friend and counsel, died after only three days' illness. M. Michel Peichari, who was her second husband, was killed in the war like his brother Ernest, the author of a novel glorifying war which nearly obtained the great prize of the French Academy some years ago. The prize was awarded to Benjamin Holland's "Jean Christophe" by a narrow majority of one.
Mme. Michel Peichari leaves an only son in his teens, who is the grandson of Aristide Francis and the great grandson of Ernest Francis, for Mme. Peichari, the mother of Ernest and Michel, is Ernest's daughter.
"Mrs. Kerevsky is very ill with influenza in London."

GOOD NEWS FOR GRIMSBY.

Because the winter storms are at hand our mine-sweepers will not completely yet. They are hard at work already. Meantime the Fleet is releasing fishing craft of types unfit for sweeping, and the fish catch should soon increase. The patient trawlers which have been called so long on the Adriatic barrage are on their way home. Very soon, too, the Admiralty will be a position to sell numbers of coastal motor-boats, but we are told that these craft, small though they look, have not the weatherly qualities needed in a North Sea fishing vessel.

AIR-BUSES IN A FOG.

Two airmen piloting different machines and carrying 18 passengers on a return flight from France had a rather alarming experience. They crossed the Channel together, and on reaching the London area flew into a dense fog. It was impossible to pick up any landmarks, but the pilots, with only the aid of compasses, "felt" their way through the fog until they arrived in the vicinity of the aerodrome. Here their arrival was awaited with some anxiety, as a message had been received that they would arrive at 4.30. No system of signalling had been arranged to guide the airmen, and a minute or two after the half-hour it was thought that they must have landed elsewhere. At 4.35, however, the machines were heard approaching, and five minutes later made a perfect landing as precisely the same spot from which they started, within a few seconds of each other and about 500ft. apart.

IN THE RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

The returned warriors wriggled through the doorway, cleverly avoiding the clash of arms and gadgets with the lintel, shed their packs, which they piled precariously on the rack, and faced each other in the corners of the railway carriage which was to bear them to London. They shared a match, and lay back luxuriously on the cushioned seats. With half-closed wandering eyes, the man with the Mons ribbon read the notice over the door. "Do not lean out of the window." "All right," he said, sleepily. "Nothing doing. Don't want to." "Not this journey." Then his eye caught the next line of prohibition. "No pet or pincer on a deport." "None," he said. "Compris. Bill? That's the stuff we talk over there." "Hullo." "Nicht, hinausgehen." "He read it out slowly. "That's kamard talk, isn't it? What's that mean, Bill?" "Mean, silly? Why, it means what the other means, of course. They all mean the same. Don't shove your head out of the window. If it's knocked off, the company will not accept responsibility," he retorted, as if he were quoting a bye-law. "That's for Germany." "It means that, does it?" said the other. "Then they can take it down. Nipod. I don't think Fritz is going to put his head out of the window again."

SHEEP SHEARING IN AUSTRALIA.

Sheep shearers in Australia can do about as well as munition workers. The rate to pay in New South Wales is for 100 sheep. As high as 250 sheep have been sheared in a day by one man, which would give a day's earnings of about 125s., and 100 sheep is an ordinary day's work.

SOLDIERS' VOTES IN FRANCE.

Several correspondents wrote about a statement that it is estimated that 80 per cent. of the soldiers on the Western front would be able to vote at the election. "All take the view that this estimate is beyond the probabilities," Mr. H. F. Oldman, Liberal registration secretary, said. "I never said that 70 per cent. of the British soldiers on the Western front would be able to vote, but that the descriptions of the soldiers on the absent voters lists were such that only from 60 to 70 per cent. of the soldiers could be identified. Further, that when the cards had been addressed in the record offices the addresses would be found to be inaccurate in 50 per cent. of the cases, and therefore not more than 30 to 35 per cent. of the absent voters would receive the cards. The possibility of even a 30 per cent. poll of soldiers on the Western front is now a very remote one."

POLITICS.

Many big men, outside of party politics, have been invited to stand for Parliament. Swinburne's "Letters," just published, tell how he was asked to become a candidate by the old Reform League.
"I appealed to the man I most loved and revered on earth," says the poet. Mazzini (for it was he) was against the idea, and so Swinburne dismissed the application with a "wholly clear conscience." "It is a wonder, however, that he did not fall into the temptation, to which he was very liable, of employing the trenchant phrase—just like his friend Ruskin.
The latter, being asked to stand for University, not Parliamentary politics, replied:—
"You are students at the University, and have no more business with politics than you have with rat-catching. Had you ever read ten words of mine with understanding, you would have known that I care no more for Mrs. Disraeli or Mr. Gladstone than for two old bagpipes with the drones going by steam!"



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THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.

15 Minutes from Landing Stage.

Under the Management of—

Mrs. BLAIR.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

CENTRAL LOCATION

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.

A. European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout. Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA."

J. WITCHELL, Manager.

PALACE HOTEL

KOWLOON.

(Two minutes from Star Ferry).

Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to

Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add.: "PALACE."

J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

ICE HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes walk from the Banks and Central District. 43 Bedrooms, Excellent Cuisine, scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates. on application to the Proprietress. Launches meet Passenger Boats.

Telegraphic Address "CARLTON"

MRS. F. E. CAMERON.

BLUE BIRD

CONFECTIONERS & CATERERS

108 ORHAM PARLOUR.

HOT and GOLD DRINKS.

DEALERS IN

Ginballs and Orange

Glossom

American Chocolates

Assorted Fancy Cakes.

Address: Old Post Office Building, Queen's Road & Teluk Street.

TANG YUK, DENTIST.

Remover to

the late SIEN KING,

14 D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation Free.

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.

241 Des Voeux Road Central

Telephone No. 2837.

We guarantee the quality of our

Bread and Cakes.

We use the highest grade of materials

in their Manufacture.

Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. & C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"HUGHES & HOUGH"
HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Hon. the CAPTAIN SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE, to sell by Public Auction,

MONDAY,
January 27, 1919, at 11 a.m., at the Central Police Station,
CONDEMNED AND CONFISCATED GOODS.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers to the Government.
Hongkong, January 20, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),
on
MONDAY,
January 27, 1919, at 2.30 p.m.,
at the Royal Naval Yard Police
Quarters (Top Floor), Queen's Road,
The Whole of the
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
etc., etc.,
comprising:—
Finely carved Blackwood Cabinet,
Massive Blackwood Curio Cabinet
(glass doors), Blackwood tables, Upholstered
stool, etc., etc.,
Chesterfield Sofa and Arm-chairs,
1 large upholstered Easy Corner,
Electro-plated Tea and Coffee Service,
E.P. Claret jug, Toaster, rack, Salad
Bowl and Spirit Kettle, Glassware
and Crockery, large "Tiffany" and
Indian carpets (as new), Lace Curtains,
Pictures and Engravings (including
1 set of 6 Hongkong views), Ward-
robe, Dressing table, Washstands, etc.,
and a few lots of good Chinese Porce-
lains, Bronzes and Brasses.

Also
One Singer's Cabinet SEWING
MACHINE.

On view from 26th inst. at 2.30 p.m.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),
on
TUESDAY,
January 28, 1919, at 2.30 p.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux
Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
One Winchester Repeating Rifle
and appliances for making ammunition
for same.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned),
on
TUESDAY,
January 28, 1919, commencing
at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms,
No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,
**TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD
FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-
MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN
BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS,**
etc., etc.,
As follows:—
Chesterfield Sofa and Arm-chairs (new),
Folding Card and Occasional Tables,
Upholstered Stools, etc., Bedroom Fur-
niture, comprising Brass Twin Bedsteads,
Siddons, Dinner Aggona, Extension
Dining Table and Chairs, Tea Table,
etc., Dinner Service, Crockery, Glass
Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet
Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Sundry
Electro-Plated Ware.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of
Blackwood Furniture, including large
Blackwood Screen, Side Tables, Chairs,
Cabinets, Engravings, Pictures, Brass
Vases, Tennis Poles and Net, Several
Carpets new and second-hand.

Also
One Treadle Sewing Machine (nearly
new), by Wilcox & Gibbs, with all
accessories.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

INTIMATIONS.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING
CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
this Company will be held at the
Office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson &
Company, Limited, on WEDNESDAY,
29th January, 1919, at 11.30 a.m., for
the purpose of receiving the Report of
the Directors together with the State-
ment of Accounts for the year ending
31st December, 1918.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from SAT-
URDAY 18th to WEDNESDAY 29th
January, 1919, (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of
Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
General Agents for the
WEST POINT BUILDING CO., LTD.
Hongkong, January 13, 1919.

THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the FIFTH ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
this Company will be held at the Office
of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.
on WEDNESDAY, 29th January, 1919,
at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving
the Report of the Directors together
with the statement of accounts for the
year ending 31st December, 1918.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY
18th to WEDNESDAY 29th January, 1919,
(both days inclusive), during which period
no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, LIMITED.
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to
THE GENERAL MANAGERS.
Hongkong, January 13, 1919.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
this Company will be held at the Office of
Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Company,
Limited, on WEDNESDAY, 29th Jan.,
1919, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of re-
ceiving the Report of the Directors together
with the statement of accounts for the
year ending 31st December, 1918.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY
18th to WEDNESDAY 29th January, 1919,
(both days inclusive), during which period
no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary.
Hongkong, January 13, 1919.

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
this Company will be held at the Office of
Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Company,
Limited, on WEDNESDAY, 29th Jan.,
1919, at 12.15 p.m., for the purpose of re-
ceiving the Report of the Directors together
with the statement of accounts for the
year ending 31st December, 1918.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY
18th to WEDNESDAY 29th January, 1919,
(both days inclusive), during which period
no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, January 13, 1919.

UNION WATERBOAT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL
GENERAL MEETING OF
SHAREHOLDERS will be held in
the Office of Messrs. DODWELL & CO.,
LIMITED, on THURSDAY, the 30th
January, 1919, at 11.30 a.m. for the
purpose of receiving the Report of the
General Managers together with a
Statement of Accounts to 31st Decem-
ber, 1918.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be CLOSED from the
23rd to 30th January, 1919, both dates
inclusive.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS with the exception
of those of Chinese race desiring
to leave the Colony should apply in
person at the Central Police Station
between the hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.
and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1914. Forms
of Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS
35 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.
Each additional 5 words 4 Cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—LESSONS in PIT-
MAN'S SHORTHAND, Rapid
Course. Apply stating terms to Box
105 "China Mail."

WANTED—ENGINEER for local
works. Thorough shop training
in mechanical engineering and experi-
ence in charge of steam plant essential.
Apply "TECHNIO" c/o "CHINA MAIL."

TO LET.

EDGEHILL—No. 10, The Peak.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND
RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Wong-nai-chong Road.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

TO LET.

A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE
CO., LTD.
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY
WAR BOND DRAWING.

SALE OF TICKETS CLOSES
ON 15th FEBRUARY.

Tickets, \$5 each, obtainable at
Banks, Stores, Clubs and Hotels.

LEUNG YIK KEE.
Chinese Porcelain and Curio Store.

FIXED PRICES.
Cheap Sale
from 4th to 31st January, 1919.
37, Queen's Road Central.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DEPT.
CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.

THIS Department will be entirely
CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 1st
February. It will be OPEN for Im-
ports & Exports Permits only till
Noon on SUNDAY, the 2nd February
and for permits of all kinds till 1 p.m.
on MONDAY, the 3rd February.

D. W. TRATMAN,
Superintendent,
Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, Jan. 21, 1919.

THE KOWLOON LAND AND
BUILDING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
this Company will be held at the
COMPANY'S OFFICES, VICTORIA
BUILDINGS on TUESDAY
4th February, 1919, at 11 o'clock a.m.
for the purpose of receiving the RE-
PORT OF DIRECTORS together with the
Statement of Accounts for the year
ending 31st December, 1918.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from TUES-
DAY 4th February, 1919, (both days
inclusive), during which period no
TRANSFER OF SHARES can be
Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT &
AGENCY CO., LTD.
General Agents for the
KOWLOON LAND & BUILDING
CO., LTD.
Hongkong January 21, 1919.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the Interest and Responsibility
of George Banker of and in the Import
and Export business carried on at
Hongkong under the style or firm
name of "BANKER and COMPANY"
ceased as from the 1st January, 1919,
from which date the business will be
carried on by SAMUEL REENEZER
GREEN.

Dated 12th January, 1919.
GEO. BANKER,
S. E. GREEN.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that THOMAS PERCIVAL
LINDSAY WOODS is authorized to
SIGN our firm per procuration.

Dated the 20th January, 1919.
BANKER & CO.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION NO. 1
THERAPION NO. 2
THERAPION NO. 3

These Remedies are sold by
Messrs. G. MOUSSICIN, 15, Morrison Hill Road.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSICIN,
15, Morrison Hill Road.

BRIDGE SCORERS

In Blocks of 50 SHEETS.
80 cents each.
For One Dollar.

Obtainable at
The China Mail Ltd.
5, Wyndham Street.

BY AIR TO PARIS.

As soon as arrangements permit an air
passenger service will be instituted be-
tween London and Paris. At the Lon-
don end arrangements will be in the
hands of Aircraft Transport and Travel
(Limited), a company registered some
years ago to deal with peace projects in
the air. In Paris affairs will be managed
by the Compagnie Generale Trans-
aerienne, of which M. Henri Deutch de
la Meurthe is president.

The departure from London will be
from the Ritz Hotel, Piccadilly, and the
arrival at the Ritz Hotel, Place Vendôme,
Paris. It is impossible at this stage to
give complete details of the service, but
it will probably be as follows:—
Departure by motor car, Ritz
Hotel, London, 10 a.m.
Departure from Aerodrome
London 10.30.
Arrival Aerodrome Paris 1.0 p.m.
Arrival Ritz Hotel Paris 1.30.

The service will at first, until new
designs are produced, be conducted
with "fast" machines which have
been used for conveying large
cargoes of bombs over German ter-
ritory. These machines, now being pro-
duced in large quantities, are fitted with
two high-powered engines, so that if one
engine fails the other will carry the
machine to its destination.

It is now permitted to give details of
the machines. According to official sta-
tistics they travel 123 miles an hour,
carrying 3,250 lbs. weight. They climb
5,000 feet in five minutes, and "loop the
loop." This fact is not relevant to pas-
senger-carrying, but Hucks, Chief Pilot
to the Aircraft Manufacturing Company
(Limited), besides being the first pilot to
"loop the loop" in this country, also
was the first pilot to "loop" a large
two-engine machine of this description.

Tickets will be available immediately
at the Ritz Hotel, London. Passengers
will be carried in rotation according to
the numbered tickets purchased. The
price of the voyage will be 15 guineas
per passenger. The service will be daily,
weather permitting.

AUXILIARY SERVICES.

A "Times" war correspondent at Head-
quarters wrote on November 5:
"There has been not a little criticism of
our Army organization in the past as
consuming too many men behind the lines
make one bayonet officer. No one
who has been here during the last six
months will for a moment question that it
is the breadth of its base which makes our
organization so incomparably stable and so
significantly efficient." It is the weight
behind it which makes the thin front line
invincible, and without the most admirable
arrangements for the troops' movements by
road and railway, for relief and for
reinforcement, without the nearly perfect
transport system for getting up supplies
and the rapidity with which engineering
work has been done and communication
of all sorts kept close up to the front, and
without the admirable hospital system and
medical service, the moral and fighting
efficiency of our Armies could never have
been sustained at the level which has made
these last victorious weeks possible. Our
fighting men are beyond praise, but it must
be forgotten that they are only the
head of the spear behind which is the
strength of the nation's arm and body. As
a machine for making war the British
Armies to-day are simply superbly efficient.

SHIP-BUILDING.

A leading article in "Shipping & En-
gineering" on Shipbuilding in China shows
the effect of the shortage of tonnage upon
the shipbuilding industry of China. The
article states that "among the foreign
managers yards the prosperity brought
about by plentiful orders will lead to devel-
opments in the future which will enable
the shipyards of China to compete with
those of Britain, America and Japan." Reference is then made to the number of
Chinese shipowners who, eager to partici-
pate in the high freight to be obtained,
with no knowledge of the difficulties before
them, have placed orders for the building
or conversion of vessels with the smaller
Chinese yards, only to find that they are
now working at a loss and a loss that will
become greater as freights fall lower.

Several other articles are contained in this
issue, amongst the subjects discussed being
the release of Japanese ships, Indian coal
trade, a new agricultural sector, Penang
Harbour Board, Japanese coal market,
Espo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co.

THE CARE OF THE BABY

Is every good mother's first considera-
tion, and often enough she is so worried
by the little one's aches and ills that she
does not know which way to turn to
find relief for it.

To every mother Baby's Own Tablets,
the Canadian children's remedy, are a
real friend. They gently regulate the
bowels and stomach, break up colds and
simple fevers, expel worms, cure vomit-
ing and indigestion, and make teething
easy. They promote calm natural sleep,
good appetite and regular development.
They are equally helpful to infants and
children of all ages.

Baby's Own Tablets are obtainable
from all chemists or post-free at 80 cents
the tin from the Dr. Williams' Medicine
Co., 96 Sachseman Road, Shanghai.

NOTICES.

THE MOTOR UNION INSURANCE CO. LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
Being Agents for the above COMPANY, we are prepared to
issue POLICIES against FIRE MARINE LIFE and MOTOR
ACCIDENT at current rates.
For further particulars, please apply to:—
UNION TRADING COMPANY,
Prince's Building. General Agents.

FOR CARS on FIRE

Experienced Chauffeurs
and
Expert Mechanics.

**A Large Number of
New and Comfortable Cars**

Always in Readiness.

MERCURY GARAGE CO.,
59-61 Des Voeux Road Central.

Phone
977 & 2589

Arrangements
for Special
Occasions

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE LATEST IN PHOTOGRAPHY
"THE MANDELETTE"
ONE MINUTE FERROTYPIC POST-CARD CAMERAS.

The whole operation of Developing, Printing and
Fixing complete in One Minute.

Price of Outfit, with All Supplies and Full Directions
to make 100 Pictures of your friends - \$15.00

Simplicity itself. A Child can use it.

LONG HING & CO.
Queen's Road Central.

統泰隆有限公司
永安有限公司

UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS
Most up-to-date and Cheapest House in Hongkong.
Address: DES VOEUX ROAD AND CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.
Telephone: Nos. 196 & 198

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

Pure full-cream milk, enriched with choice malted
barley and wheat in powder form. Keeps indefinitely.

THE FOOD DRINK FOR ALL AGES.

A refreshing and sustaining beverage, ready in an
instant by the addition of hot or cold water
only. No cooking. Nourishing and convenient.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK COMPANY.
SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENGLAND.



THE FINEST LIQUEURS.

OLD BROWN BRANDY

25 YEARS IN WOOD.

Specially selected for
A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG.

Telephone No. 816.

Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

"ATLAS" SHIRTS for 1919.

Are in dyes as fast as ever.

Every Shirt sold is guaranteed
and will be replaced if the
colour fades.

CALL and INSPECT THEM AT THE SOLE AGENTS—

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.,
SPECIALISTS IN GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

BIRTHS.

HUMPHREYS—At 87 Peak, January 23rd, 1919, the wife of W. M. Humphreys, a son.

GATES—On November 16, at Perth, W.A., Mrs. F. Gates, of a son.

HOWE—On January 8, San Francisco, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kent Howe, a daughter.

DEATH.

McGILL—On January 8, at Valparaiso, Captain George B. McGill, aged 41 years.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 1919.

HONGKONG MUSEUM AND LIBRARY.

If there were such a thing as a museum of museums, Hongkong's museum would deserve a place in it, for it is a curio. Lots of residents may be surprised to learn that there is such a place, for very few seem to go there. Those who do, with the object of learning something, are shocked at the condition in which they find it. On one verandah, fenced off by racks of wooden weapons, spears and war clubs, which of themselves are worth care and a better use, is a heap of stuff which looks like the shop of some second-hand or marine-store dealer in a slum, the proprietor of which has been dead some time, without leaving issue. Here are beautiful canoes, models, and indeed many valuable exhibits which the present arrangement forbids us to see fairly, much less catalogue; all huddled higgledy-piggledy together, dirty, broken, quite neglected. Evidently the responsible authorities do not consider the Museum one of those things worth doing that are worth doing well. Yet museums, properly looked after, in more enlightened places, are considered to have a high educational value. It is to be hoped that not many visitors to Hongkong discover our museum in its present state, or they will surely carry away an impression of our culture which will not be to our credit.

The Library in a neighbouring room, while not so deplorably neglected, needs considerable reform to bring it into line with similar institutions in places much less wealthy and important than Hongkong. It contains quite a lot of useful books, and quite a lot of stale fiction and out-of-date rubbish. This may be said of many public libraries, but it is rare to find a town nowadays where the books are mixed up in such hopeless cupboards and such apparently aimless confusion. The method of recording issues is also clumsy, out of date, and probably more expensive than a modern system would be. Here again the answer may be that it is so little used that nothing better seems worth while. This would be vicious, however, as a properly equipped and properly managed library would undoubtedly attract more readers. That Hongkong has a sufficient population to deserve such institutions, and that such institutions are a useful and necessary provision in such a community, we do not propose to argue. If such arguments are required, in 1919, in Hongkong, the *China Mail* can only throw up its hands, so to speak, and swear, "quicquid agunt homines," that this must be the uttermost limit in the line of Sleepy Hollows.

SO-CALLED EDUCATION.

A curious illustration of misapplied "education" is supplied by a letter to the *China Mail* from a boy who recently left school. A recent lecturer wants such boys to be given more "science," and "less" "science." The letter seems to show that a fairer idea of what "science" means needs to be inculcated. Our correspondent says that "science is a newly-born thing and has during the world war shown some very bad characteristics, such as super Drednaughts, Jack Johnsons, Submarines, Zeppelins, Poison Gas, and other destructive means. Science is not good if it is not properly controlled. Reviewing the world's affairs, it is a matter of science versus the Church." The rest of the letter is irrelevant. The writer of it is not alone in using the word "science" in that narrow and incomplete sense. In the true sense of the word, the Germans, who used to be our

scientific leaders, are no longer scientific. At least they were very unscientific during the war. Because, you know, devotion to science merely means devotion to demonstrable truth. Any kind of real, positive knowledge is science; and some hypotheses that are usually called "scientific" are not so, being merely shrewd guesses which happen to fit facts. There are things which good men and in some ways wise men hold to be true although they admit that these truths cannot be demonstrated. They are not science, not provable knowledge. Such knowledge is called faith. The argument that most of us have to take so many items of scientific knowledge on faith—trusting in the scientists who have proved them—is often used to justify that other kind of faith. It isn't fair. In the one, we could, by preparation, follow the tests and demonstrate for and to ourselves. In the other, the wisest of them admit that demonstration must not be looked for. It is in such matters unattainable. All demonstrable knowledge is science. Some of the so-called German science was not.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Still no further change in the dollar 3/8-1/2d. on demand.

The "Nanyo Maru," 3,500 tons, sunk off Hokkaido in a blizzard, and was lost with all hands.

The Glen Line Steamers paid an interim dividend of 15s. per share for the first half of 1918.

The "Haitan" (Douglas S.S. Coy) will not depart for China coast ports until Jan. 27—a postponement of two days.

"Shipping and Engineering" has a note about the approaching retirement of Captain W. E. Clark, secretary of the H. C. & M. Steamship Company.

The death has occurred in Tokyo of Vice-Admiral Baron Junzo Matsunaga. He studied naval matters in England and America, and was a pioneer in the Japanese Navy.

The Philippine National Bank, government depository of the Philippine Islands, realized the extraordinary revenue of 47.5 per cent on the institution's stock, for 1918, amounting to P. 4,500,000.

Word has been received here of the death in Australia of the popular Australian actor, Leonard Nelson, who it will be remembered, appeared in Hongkong last year. No particulars are given in the brief news received.

Real estate at Singapore is valuable. A recent big sale of land and houses, in which \$314,900 worth changed hands, is reported by the "Straits Times" as marked by brisk bidding and exceptionally good prices.

The Indo-China steamer "Kingsing" dropped her propeller off Amoy on January 11. The ship had broken. The O. N. "Singan" towed her in, and next day the "Winglung" set off from Shanghai with a new shaft and propeller for her.

The local manager of the Banque Industrielle de Chine is in receipt of cable advice from the Head Office at Paris informing him that the General Manager, M. A. J. P. Motte, has been awarded the "Legion d'Honneur."

Among the forthcoming marriages are the following: William Osborne Lambert, Asst. Government Marine Surveyor, to Mary Jane Parkes, Schoolmistress, Bellis School; Henry Davenport Brown, Mercantile Assistant, Shamen, Canton, to Miriam Elizabeth Taylor, en route to Hongkong from Scotland via U.S.A.

Canton shipments on January 22, were 935 packages of wolfram ore, mostly for Singapore; six of molasses, and (for New York) three of silk handkerchiefs and one of copper wire. On January 23, there came down 400 more packages of wolfram ore for Kobe, 750 of duck feathers for England, 87 of China root for Bombay, 60 of Taigies for Manila and New York, and 120 lots of rattan for New York.

The Shanghai Land Investment Company has a German tenant a butcher called Neumann. He has a lease. They applied for an extension on the ground that they could not fulfil their obligations under the lease without breaking the law against benefits to alien enemies. The tenant replied that they should have applied to the British Consul for permission to carry on, but had not done so. He alleged that their real reason for wanting to get rid of him was that he had been a mit-schist, i.e., just before the war started. He had a ten-year lease, and had spent much money on the premises on the strength of it. Judgement was reserved.

ELLIS KADOORIE SCHOOL.

SPEECH DAY.

At the Ellis Kadoorie School at noon today, H.E. the officer administering the Government, Mr. Claud Severn, C.M.G., presented the prizes for the school year just ended.

In addition to the Acting Governor, there were present, Sir Ellis Kadoorie, Mr. E. A. Irving, Director of Education, and Mr. Ponsbury Evans. His Excellency in his address said that the headmaster of Mr. Bird and his coming to distribute the prizes four years ago, synchronised with the taking over of the school by the Government. They were glad that Sir Ellis Kadoorie, who continued to take a great interest in the school, was able to be present. They could regard the report as eminently satisfactory from the point of view of the school itself. The number of scholars had increased and the quality of the staff of teachers had not been kept up to the usual standard. There had been considerable difficulty in maintaining the standard, and they had only been able to carry over with the assistance of ladies such as Mrs. Garrod. He hoped this matter would be righted within a very short time. His Excellency praised the work of Mr. James and Mr. Ng Fung Chan and proceeded to make reference to sports, saying that he hoped that the time was not far distant when it would be possible to allot certain days for football. Sir Henry May, whose resignation they had received with great regret, was very anxious to provide more open spaces for recreation, but this was not easy near the city of Victoria. Commenting on the art work of the school, H.E. said he had awarded the first prize to Woo Sin Weik, and the second to Kwok Chi Cheung. He commended Ng Fung Chan for his clever work. In conclusion he wished them a happy new year and continued success and progress. H.E. then distributed the prizes, the proceedings closing with cheers for His Excellency, the headmaster and staff, and the visitors.

HEADMASTER'S REPORT.

This is the 4th annual report that I have had the pleasure of reading here. The work has been carried on along the same lines as before. Your Excellency has listened to dialogues recited by the boys. These dialogues teach the boys how to pronounce English correctly. I do not for a moment pretend that they have learned to do this, but in no other way are defects of pronunciation rendered so conspicuous, and therefore, we trust, liable to correction. Moreover the boys take greater pleasure in performing these dialogues than in their ordinary work. They appear to have a domestic instinct which is very strong in the Chinese nation. Every day in classes 4 and 5 a colloquial topic is taken from the news of the day. This topic is explained and discussed. An old boy from the school writes to Mr. James, his old class 4 master. "All of us took very high places in the examination. I think this remarkable result comes chiefly from the colloquial topics we learned."

The maximum enrolment was 584 and the average attendance 521. The maximum enrolment during the past 4 years has been 457, 490, 511, and 584. This shows a gradual increase in numbers. Unfortunately the staff has not increased in proportion. Speaking of the Chinese staff, which is not appreciably affected by the war, I may state that they are now two below the estimates and these 2 vacancies are "class 3" masters. The consequence has been that 3 classes have had no regular masters. They have had to put up with such tuition as they could get from masters whose classes were doing Chinese. This meant a change of master for these 3 unfortunate classes almost every hour of the day. This is not a good system and I hope and believe it will be remedied.

Mr. James, the author of "War Stories" has been in charge of Class 4, and his class assimilated very creditably his instructions on this subject. Classes 4 and 5 have also learned by heart "The Charge of the Light Brigade," "Barbara Frietson" (about whom we have corresponded with the Mayor of Frederick, Md.) and other pieces. We have these on the gramophone. The boys hear them recited by the best actors and take a great interest in following them on the gramophone and learn in this way the correct intonation and pronunciation. The Chinese Classes have been under the able supervision of Mr. Ng Fung Chan. He has arranged model lessons in the hall every week and this has the double advantage of enabling the boys to learn and the masters to criticise one another's methods of giving a lesson.

The Botanical Department has been under the care of Mr. Lam Wan Shan. He has helped to adorn the school and to add a touch of brightness that will, I hope, live.

The Library has been improved by Mr. Cheng Kai-in. It has grown steadily and now numbers 765 volumes. Illustrated papers, like the "Sphere," are ordered from England. The average attendance in the Library before and after school is about 60. Mr. Cheng Kai-in devotes much of his time out of school to looking after this department and the boys owe him a debt of gratitude for his trouble.

Physical Drill has been carried on regularly. In summer we change this for swimming drill. It is true that some boys complain that they can swim better on land than in water, but it is better to be able to swim on land than not at all. The feeling of confidence inspired by the drill is half the battle. Anyhow the proof of the pudding is in the eating.

NATIVE NEWS.

The Canton Intelligence Bureau sends us the following communication—

The Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Military Government of the Republic of China has the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the note, dated the 18th inst., of the Consular Representatives of the Allied Treaty Powers, enclosing copy of a telegram received from the Diplomatic Representatives in Peking of Belgium, France, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Portugal, Russia and the United States of America, in regard to the application by the Peking Government for the release of the Customs surplus. The proposed release being based on the assumption that hostilities have ceased on both sides, he desires to point out that though such is the case nominally, as a matter of fact fighting still goes on in some regions owing to the action of the northern troops.

He notes that the Allied Ministers propose to release funds, not to exceed twelve million dollars, on January 25 for certain specified purposes, unless the conference for national reunion shall before that date come to an understanding to indicate a different disposal of those funds in general national interests. Among the items for which the surplus funds are to be applied, is one for "the removal of troops from the front and arrears of pay" for which purpose an amount of over five million dollars is proposed to be expended. It is urged that this applies with greater reason and force to the case of the Military Government, who has not raised (as the Peking Government has done) foreign loans and is in urgent need of funds for the same purposes. As the Customs-revenue is contributed in no small degree by the provinces under the control of the Military Government, it is reasonable and just that a fair proportion of the Customs surplus, if released, should be paid to the Military Government.

The Southern delegates are proceeding to the Conference as speedily as possible and will make every effort to have it meet immediately, nevertheless, it is almost physically impossible that the meeting can be held to discuss and decide the matter before January 25. In view of the desirability that an understanding be reached on the matter at that Conference, it is therefore respectfully requested that the date for release should not be fixed. The Southern delegates will give priority of discussion as soon as the conference meets, and when an arrangement has been arrived at it will be at once notified.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs requests the Consular Representatives to be good enough to transmit this note to their respective Ministers.

(Signed) WU TUNG KANG,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,
January 22, 1919

In the swimming sports of the Amateur Athletic Federation we gained the 1st 3 places in the fifty yards race for juniors. We won the 100 yards race and we won the Junior Team Race. There were only 3 races open to us. There is no doubt that swimming is popular. We had many day excursions. On Empire Day 4 launches with 352 boys went out for the day.

In running we won the Relay Race in the O. C. Sports. We put 5 teams in for the various Volley Ball Leagues, 2 for the Junior League, 3 for the Small Boys League and 1 for the open League. These fixtures are held twice a year. We won the Junior Volley Ball League once, and the Small Boys League twice during last year. In the Art Exhibition held lately in the City Hall, upon the invitation of the Committee, the school exhibited 8 pictures. The Press remarked that the work was encouraging. The interest taken in Art is to a great extent due to the interest which you, Sir, have taken in it. I think the result is gratifying. I think you on behalf of the school for again offering 2 Art prizes.

In conclusion I beg to thank the donors of prizes for their generosity.

SCHOLARSHIPS (1917)

Tai Yau Scholarship, Chan Ki-pang.

Tai Yau Scholarship, Ng Shing-chiu.

SCHOLARSHIPS (1918)

Lugard Scholarship, Cheung Wai-fung.

Ernest Scholarship, Poon Shing-pang.

Kwong Yut-kwong, and Lam Choi-chai.

Tai Yau, Scholarship, Leung Cheung-ling.

Lau Chu-pak Scholarship, Ng Shing-chiu.

Ho Koi Tong Scholarship, (Senior), Ng Kam-mao.

Ho Koi Tong Scholarship, (Junior), Lam Kin-hang.

Chan Kai Ming Scholarship, Cheung Cheung-uk.

PRIZES (ENGLISH CLASSES)—went to

Ho Wai-lan, Hong Hon-chung, Chan Chiu-ning, Ho Tai-sun, Chan Shiu-ling, Yuen Hui-yung, Wong Kai Ho, Kam-ling, Li Yau-kwan, Ma Chiu-kui, To King-chi, Wong King-hon, Ho Wing-chun, Chan Cheung-choi, Ho Wing-chun, Lam Ping-hang, Yeung Po-ling, Chan Wa-sang, Ip Kai-ping, Chan Shing-ai, Hung Po-ung, Luk Tim, Chan In-chow, Sin Wai-sun, Lai Kwong-in, Leung Tai-wing, Ho Ping-ki, Tai Chun-yau, Tsui Keng-po, Ng Koon-kwai, Fung Tak-ling, Kung Man-kwong, Ng U-so, Lo Kwai-wun and Mok Man-chung.

Special prizes for knowledge of the war went to Ho Wai-lan, Ho Kam-ling and Leung Fung-ki.

Prizes (Chinese Classes) went to Wong Man-keung, Wong Hang-ni, Leung Cheung-ling, Wong Shing-chung, Lam Kin-hang, Wong Shing-chung, Ma Chiu-kin, Tan Hung-ki, Woo Woon-shun, Fung Si-doh, Wong O-ching, Chu Shui-tai, Chu Ching-poo, Tai Chun-yau, and Tam Tak-lung.

SUPREME COURT.

ACTION BY THE P. W. D.

JUDGEMENT FOR PLAINTIFFS.

In the Supreme Court this morning, Justice Gompertz delivered judgement in the case in which the Building Authorities brought action against Li Chun Fan, owner of 150 Des Voeux Road, alleging abutment on to a private street called Wing Kut Street.

This lordship read the judgement as follows—

This is a claim by the Building Authorities against the owner of the premises, 150 Des Voeux Road, Central, for contribution to the cost of relaying a footpath in Wing Kut Street on which these premises adjoin or abut for a distance of 58' 6". The claim is brought under section 186 of Ordinance 1 of 1903. It is not disputed that the work has been done and that the proportionate cost is correctly worked out if it is proper to base it on the area abutting the street. But the circumstances are somewhat peculiar. The footpath does not run the whole length of Wing Kut Street. At the northern end it stops abruptly on reaching the southern wall of defendant's premises. The street then contracts and passes into Des Voeux Road through an arch under a covered way which spans it and which itself carries a building. The covered way has no footpath and for various reasons it is not proposed that it shall have one. The defendant urges that as owner is only liable in so far as he receives direct benefit from the improvements. But this footpath is of no benefit to him. Along the major part of his abutment there is no footpath at all. The southern end of his premises abuts, it is true, on a strip of some 4' 11" in length. But this strip is of no use to him for various reasons. In the first place, any person seeking to enter his premises by way of Wing Kut Street, would not use this fragment of pavement at all. He would not continue on it up to the wall, as it would be easier to leave it a little earlier and walk directly to the arch above the roadway. Again, the footpath just before it reaches him is sometimes encumbered by baskets being taken into the shop of his neighbour at 35 Wing Kut Street. Therefore, the argument is that he ought not to be asked to pay for an improvement that is of no more utility to him than to any other resident of the City of Victoria. The answer is given by the Ordinance itself which enacts that the owner's contribution is to be proportionate to the width of his land where it abuts upon the street. There is no provision whatever for total or partial exemption when the premises do not border upon some particular improvement. If this were so, a man would escape payment, *exempt gratia*, of his share of lighting apparatus, merely because no particular street lamp was opposite his dwelling. Section 186 is perfectly clear and unambiguous. But if there were any difficulty it would be resolved by the cases which make it clear that where a street is improved, frontage or abutment on the street, and not that on any particular improvement is the measure of liability.

There must be judgement for the plaintiffs with costs.

Mr. Haywood, who appeared for the defendant, agreed to judgement in the other three cases pending.

THE "KUM CHOW" MYSTERY.

It is with reluctance, states the *Times* of Ceylon of December 31 last, that the Naval authorities here are compelled to admit that the Government chartered steamer "Kum Chow" (local agents, Messrs. Hull, Blyth and Co.), which left Rangoon for Colombo on the 4th of this month with a cargo, mostly of timber (for Burma) and pig lead (for the Commercials Co., Colombo), must be given up for lost. To-day marks 18 days that she is overdue at this port and 26 days since she left Rangoon, and there has not been the slightest trace of her up to date.

The British steamer which was especially sent to search for the missing vessel has returned, having failed to find any trace of her, and none of the numerous other ships that have crossed and recrossed this area and who have been informed of the matter too have made any favourable report. No trace of her whatever has been discovered, even in the shape of wreckage. The Naval authorities, who are best able to make a pronouncement, however, do not definitely assert that she is lost, and they still believe that she may turn up after all. For the present, however, there is no ship specially searching for her, but what steps the Admiralty may take after this the Naval officers here are unable to say. The *Kum Chow*, it may be mentioned, had included in the cargo of timber, a large stock of bamboo and her deck was practically full up with this, and the Naval authorities are at a loss to understand how with all this material on board and the ship's boats there can be no trace of the vessel, at least of her crew at all. They believe that if the *Kum Chow* has really gone down the crew must have somehow got away and they live in hopes that some news of these people will be received soon.

CURE THAT COUGH.

WHEN you have a troublesome cough, it does not mean that you have consumption or that you are going to have it, but it does mean that your lungs are threatened, and it is just as well to be on the safe side and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy before it is too late. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

FORMER HONGKONG CONSUL COMMITS SUICIDE.

News has just reached the Colony that Mr. L. Alvarez-Calderon, who for the greater part of last year was the Consul General for Peru in Hongkong, has shot himself in a San Francisco Hotel. We hope to be able to give full details in to-morrow's issue.

JAPANESE PEACE DELEGATES PASS THROUGH.

The Japanese peace delegation, which arrived in Hongkong yesterday on the "Tamba Maru," en route to Marseilles, departed this morning on the same steamer. A large delegation of prominent local Japanese were present at the steamer's departure, to wish them success. Their leaving was signalled by the blowing of the whistles of the Japanese boats in the harbour.

FIRE DESTROYS MAIL FROM FAR EAST.

The United States Postal authorities have announced that four hundred sacks of foreign registered mail were burned or destroyed by fire aboard eastbound Great Northern trains at Monroe, Washington, on January 8. The fire was caused by the exploding of oil lamps. Included among the mail that was saved were a hundred coupons from Chinese Government bonds.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Dockyard Recreation Club are holding a dance in the Naval Theatre, Praya East, on Saturday, at 8.30 p.m.

Mr. G. P. de Martin, M.A. will deliver a Lecture on "Charles James Fox" at the Helena May Institute on Monday, Feb. 10, at 8.30 p.m.

Canton homes are closing for three days at the China New Year. The Banks there, according to the "Canton Times," will not open till Feb. 7. Even the railway stations are taking a week off.

A Cantonese army officer alleges that when on his way to Hongkong, in the train, \$500 were stolen from him. He blames the Customs men who searched his baggage near Shan Chuen. He gives the man's number.

China Bank notes are still six per cent under par. The Provincial Government is asked by the Trust Company (which took up half a million dollars worth) to order revenue offices to accept them at face value.

Cabled advice from the United States yesterday are to the effect that the rice embargo, prohibiting the importation into that country of any foreign rice, which was abolished on the 10th instant, has again been imposed.

Bad as things are—and they were worse last year than the year before—in the matter of armed robberies Hongkong is not the worst place in the East. Shanghai has its share. The Malay States perhaps beat us both. There they go in big gangs. In one case in Penak, just reported, there were 25, and it seems they fought a pitched battle with 35 police and got safely away. Straits papers are being sarcastic about those police.

Mr. Ho Fung-chuen, one of the Veteran Masters, retired on pension on December 31. He joined the staff in 1904. About 2 months ago he was taken ill and after that his fellow-teachers and students were surprised to learn that he had been advised to retire. He was a hard working teacher, kind to his pupils, and friendly to his colleagues. He is now gradually recovering and we all hope that his health will soon be completely restored. —Queen's College Mag.

This month we say goodbye to Mr. Lai Im-ling. Mr. Lai has had a long connection with Queen's College. He entered the school as a pupil in March 1906 and left in March 1912 to become a Pupil Teacher and later on an Assistant Master in Suiyung School. While at Queen's College he passed the Junior and Senior Local Examinations of Oxford. In Queen's College he obtained the History, Literature, Mathematics, and Pupil Teacher's prizes and at the Teachers' Classes at the Technical Institute he passed with distinction. We are sorry to lose the services of Mr. Lai but never the less we wish him success and happiness in the business world he is entering. —Queen's College Mag.

KIANGTUNG RICE.

The Civil Administration in Canton has ordered that there shall be no rice transported to other provinces or ports during the present shortage and high price. The civil and military officials in the districts have been instructed to watch carefully the situation and confiscate all rice found attempting to be sent abroad, using means to relieve the poor by special low prices. In spite of the present serious condition brought about by the shortage of imports, some merchants in the more favourable districts are still smuggling rice out in order to sell to persons outside.

FOOTBALL.

GOOD PROGRAMME TO-MORROW.

There are four matches down for decision to-morrow, two in each division of the Hongkong League. On the Club ground the H.K.F.C. entertain the R.G.A. and as the Club are leading in this league they will want a win to consolidate their position, which now is a bare lead of one point over the Navy. A fortnight ago the R.G.A. effected a draw with the Navy, and might easily have won, and as the gunners have as good a team out again to-morrow, will not succumb easily. At their full strength the Club might win by a small margin but earlier in the season the gunners sprang a surprise on the Club, winning by an only goal, after the Club had had most of the play.

There will be excitement in the South China Athletic-Royal Engineers match on the Navy ground. The Chinese do not do as well against the sports, on previous occasions losing 3-0, and 2-1, but they were very unfortunate on the last occasion. If the fortunes of the game accompany the Chinese to-morrow, there would be few to cavil.

Paraded right at the top of the 2nd Division, St. Joseph's College are not likely to do less than win the two points in their match with the 88th Co. R.G.A. The other game concerns the Navy Reserves and 83rd Co. R.G.A., and if the latter turn out it will only make their fifth match of the season. They are very behindhand with their fixtures and might try and fix up a few mid-week games if they intend to carry on in the league.

UNIVERSITY WITHDRAWN.

The University should have played Kowloon but have withdrawn from the league. The University made a good start, winning against the 88th Co. R.G.A. to the surprise of many, but once cricket started, the football team suffered, and now after weeks of continued reverses, their withdrawal from the competition is announced.

SCHEDULE OF MATCHES TO BE PLAYED WITH SOME OF THE SELECTED TEAMS FOLLOW.

HONGKONG LEAGUE.

1ST DIVISION.

H.K.F.C. v. R.G.A. On the Club ground at 4 p.m. Referee, Mr. Tucker. Royal Engineers v. South China Athletic. On the Naval ground at 4 p.m. Referee, Co. Sgt.-Major Pragnell, R.G.A.

2ND DIVISION.

83rd Co. R.G.A. v. Royal Navy Reserves. On the Club ground at 2.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Dewhurst. 88th Co. R.G.A. v. St. Joseph's College. On the Naval ground at 2.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Wells.

Selected teams:—H.K.F.C.—Rodger, Black, Chasels, Hamilton, Stewart, Carriere, Taylor, Clarke, Reichelmann, McFavish, Riss. R.G.A.—Taylor, Torr, Sherman, Ball, Talford, Wardley, McGregor, Johnson, Green, Middleton, Morris. South China Athletic—Lau Hing-chong, Fung Tai, Cheung Wing-hon, Chan So, Leung Tai-fong, Leung Fuk-tung, Wong Pak-chung, Kwok Pok-khan, Tin, Koon-shan, Au Kit-sang. St. Joseph's College—E. Souza, P. Xavier, W. Ogley, S. Marcel, S. Sopher, A. Concesio, R. Omar, E. R. Hyndman, E. Moosdeen, J. Silva and L. Xavier.

HONGKONG AND KOW-
LOON WHARF
& GODOWN CO., LTD.

DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS.

Subject to audit, the directors of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., will recommend, at the annual meeting of shareholders, the following distribution of profits:—To pay a dividend of \$6.00 per share \$380,000.00 To pay a bonus of \$4.00 per share 240,000.00 To write off Launches, Lighters, Wharves, etc. 115,625.00 To transfer to Reserve Fund 400,000.00 To carry forward 40,823.96 \$1,156,454.96

French War Loan Quotations.

French war loan quotations on the Paris Exchange on Jan. 15 were:—3 per cent. 62.30 4 per cent. 1917. 72.85 4 per cent. 1918. 72.50 4 per cent. Liberty Loan, 1918. 60.00 Chequeat Paris on London 28.00

STRAIGHT AT IT.

There is no use of our "beating around the bush." We might as well out with it first as last. We want you to try Chamberlain's Colic Remedy the next time you have a cough or cold. There is no reason so far as we can see why you should not do so. This preparation for its remarkable cures has gained a world wide reputation, and people everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It is for sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE PICTURE THEATRES.

THE CORONET.

At the Coronet last night there was a long programme of interesting films. The programme commences with an overture by the theatre's capable orchestra, then a British Gazette, a two-part picture entitled "The Corsican Sisters," a comedy "Unlucky Thirteen," concluded by "The Rose of the Rancho," a film in 5 parts picturing the Spaniards in California long ago, altogether a capital programme. Under the new arrangement after the 5 part play the first three pictures mentioned are shown again, so that those who arrive in time for the 5 part picture can still see the whole programme. It is a very nice programme, with lovely music, will be repeated to-night, and on Saturday and Sunday nights.

THE HONGKONG.

At the Hongkong the principal feature is the beginning of the serial, "The Voice on the Wire" featuring Ben Wilson and Neva Gerber in the leading parts. It is a capital play for those who can attend regularly and follow the story. Three episodes were shown last night, and will be shown again to-night, further episodes appearing on Wednesday next. A Keystone picture, always a popular feature, was shown, entitled "Shot in the Excitement," and caused much amusement.

THE VICTORIA.

There was a long and interesting set of pictures shown at the Victoria last night, the principal item being the 3rd epoch of that fine film, "The Count of Monte Cristo." This is a very good film for regular attendants at the theatre. "Annals of the War," "United States Customs Inspection," and a comedy "Will-o'-Wallops for Wealth" help to make up a fine programme. This programme will be shown again to-night, Saturday and Sunday, and visitors are assured of an enjoyable evening. The orchestra discourses music that adds to the attractiveness of the programme.

THE YANKEE WAY.

A very special film will be seen in the Colony within the next few days. It is the latest William Fox production "The Yankee Way." In it is George Walsh of cinema fame. It has been called another of George's smile-a-minute dramas. The scene is laid in that haunt of cut-throats known as the Balkans. The story begins with a good old Yankee "scrap"; it ends with one and there are several thrown in between, and of course most of the fights are over women. In it there are "pép" and speed. Things are done in such a snappy way that they earn for the picture the title of the best box office attraction ever offered in the history of the motion picture business on a rental basis.

BILLIARD NOTES.

An advertisement appearing in another column concerns an exhibition game between Mr. W. Pitt and Sergt. Goodman at the Palace Hotel, Kowloon, for to-morrow night at 8.30. It is really a sort of return match, to settle whether Goodman's last win is final or not.

In connection with this, there has been a lot of talk among players about the Hongkong championship. Who is the champion? The answer is that the championship for 1918 depends upon the result of the competition shortly to start at the V.R.C.

PERFECTION OF AVIATION.

Gilbert Cipriotti interviewed about the prospect of continuing development of aviation now that the war is over said:—"The war has served to reveal the practical importance of aviation and to hasten its technical perfection. Italy especially, owing to its geographical position, will benefit immensely by it to communicate with the Balkan Islands, Africa, and the Near East. The airplane must also become like the transatlantic steamers and serve as a means of world-wide commerce."

"With a triplane we can already transport thirty persons and a heavy cargo," said Cipriotti, "and a hundred passengers with all modern comforts, cabins and beds. When sufficient planes have been built to form a flotilla I shall sketch out an itinerary for each one to take. For the present we cannot transport third class passengers owing to the expense of the journey. One of the chief aims of aviation will be transportation of mail and merchandise. Journalism will gain immensely by this quick means of transportation, the newspapers of Rome being distributed almost at the same time in Naples as in the capital. We are positive of important results, but think that others will follow that will be even more important."

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS.

These Tablets are intended especially for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. If you are troubled with heartburn, indigestion or constipation they will do you good. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

NANKING MINES.

The "N. C. Daily News" of Jan. 14 said:

The famous Fenghuangshan iron mines near Nanking are again attracting attention, this time owing to the attempts made by ex-president Feng Kuo-chang to get round the objection made by the British Government against their sale to the Japanese. It will be remembered that on June 30 of last year it was announced that these valuable Nanking mines had been sold to Japan. The achievement of this was in itself a tortuous piece of intrigue, for in order to render it possible the Chinese Government had first to take the mines out of the control of the Ministry of Agriculture, which had steadfastly refused to sell, and hand them over to the care of the Ministry of War on the ground that they were in fact military property. The Minister of War promptly came to terms with Japan but a protest made by the British Government on the ground that the mines came within Britain's sphere of influence had the effect of averting the conclusion of the bargain.

The sale outright of the mines being thus stopped the whole matter apparently rested in abeyance, at least so far as official acts were concerned, but General Feng Kuo-chang, appears to have taken a hand in the affair to some purpose and we are now informed that he is bending his energy to gaining possession of the Fenghuangshan mines the title to which is still in dispute—one in which the Japanese play a prominent part. After his retirement from office Feng sought to obtain the support of the gentry of Kiangsu in securing for him the title to the Fenghuangshan deposits, by declaring that he would thus be able to save them for China and prevent the sale of them to Japan by the Peking Government. Apparently persuaded by Feng's bonhomie of his sincerity in the matter, the gentry of Kiangsu set to work to form an association to petition Feng to represent the people of Kiangsu. The petition was prepared and Feng received it.

Now, according to reliable information, Feng has circumvented the embargo on the sale of the mine outright by signing an agreement with the Japanese to sell them there, or a portion of the ore, and arranging for the development of a steel plant at Nanking, which if brought about would lead to the virtual control of the Fenghuangshan mines—or to put it more plainly, another 50 or 60 million tons of iron ore would pass into the hands of, or at least under the control of, the Japanese. It may be added that half the accessible iron ore in China to-day is controlled by Japanese.

General Feng Kuo-chang is however finding a little difficulty in gaining the control he had hoped for. We find Tuan Chi-jui in need of further security for a loan to be contracted with the Japanese. He is in need of money to carry out his war policy—a policy that he is now actively engaged in upholding by the recruiting of new divisions. The people of Kiangsu have also learned of the part that Feng Kuo-chang has played and are now openly repudiating him and his associates who have betrayed the trust placed in them by the gentry of Nanking, who had endeavored to save to China these vast ore deposits. "Little Hsu" has recently returned from Japan, and is making himself quite conspicuous by challenging Feng's right to dispose of the Fenghuangshan mines, as he states that these Nanking deposits should be disposed of only by the Cabinet, and that no individual should have the right to do so.

It is understood that the whole matter is to be brought up before the new Cabinet. It is interesting to note that this Cabinet is the tool of Tuan Chi-jui composed of men recruited by "Little Hsu" to "Old Hsu." The Minister of War, General Chin Yun-peng, who signed the secret military pact with Japan, Kung Hsin-chan, Minister of Finance who is the tool of the Anfu Club—Tsun Ju-lin and Liu Kuang-hsing are known to all. Is there much doubt about the decision of this Cabinet in respect of the iron resources of China?

It would seem that the iron mines of China present special attraction to presidents, expectant presidents and ex-presidents in the Republic of China. As early as the first month of 1912, we find President Sun Yat-sen trying to arrange for the disposal of the Hanyangping Co. to the Japanese. Yuan Shih-kai was keenly interested in acquiring iron deposits for his personal development, and before dying succeeded in contracting with a Japanese firm, the Okura Co., a loan which was to be secured on the Fenghuangshan Mine itself. President Li Yuan-hung is said to have at present the title to the Ao-chang iron deposits near Wuchang, and it is reported he is also the nominal head of a company organized for the development of this mine. It is also alleged that President Hsu Shih-chang has found it necessary to his dignity to secure for himself an iron mine, but, fearing that he would be criticized by his political opponents if he took a title in his own name, he persuaded Minister Tsin Wen-hen to give him the Lung-menghsien deposits, the operating licence to be issued in the name of his son.

TO-MORROW'S CRICKET.

LEAGUE MATCH.

Craigengower v. Manchester Regt. On the Craigengower ground at 2 p.m.

FRIENDLY.

H.K.C.C. v. Civil Service. On the H.K.C.C. ground at 2.15 p.m.

Selected teams:—Craigengower.—R. Bass (Capt.), F. G. Thompson, T. F. Ford, L. Lammeret, G. Manley, W. Hall, A. Arnold, U. Omar, M. H. Abbas, D. Runjahn and A. Goldenberg. H.K.C.C.—T. E. Pearce (Capt.), F. J. de Rome, D. E. Donnelly, F. W. S. Evans, Capt. E. H. Gray, H. E. Holland, P. Jacks, M. M. Mas, Capt. H. E. Murray, F. Sutton and R. P. Thurnfield.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

BILLIARDS.

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON.

TO-MORROW (Saturday), Jan. 25.

EXHIBITION GAME.

600 UP.
Mr. W. PITT v. Sergt. I. GOODMAN.
Commencing at 8.30 P.M.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 8th day of February, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the subjoined resolution will be proposed as an extraordinary resolution:—

"That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following, viz:—
"In Article 82 the word 'five' shall be substituted for the word 'four'."

The effect of this resolution will be to increase the maximum number of the Directors from 4 to 5.
Should the resolution be passed by the required majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.
Dated 24th day of January, 1919:
By Order of the Board,
J. H. TAGGART,
Secretary and Manager.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE OWNER),

FRIDAY.

February 7, 1919, at 12.30 Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, One 6 cylinder two seater "Oakland" Car (new)
One 4 cylinder five seater "Dodge" Car (new)
One 4 cylinder four seater "Ford" Car guaranteed in good running order.
One 4 cylinder two seater "Saxon" Car guaranteed in good running order.
Further particulars and inspecting orders may be had from the undersigned.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 24, 1919.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship,

"INABA MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before NOON, TO-DAY.
Goods not cleared by the January 30, 1919, will be subject to rent.
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on Tuesday and Friday. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Agents.
Hongkong, Jan. 24, 1919.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS are reminded that Entries for the forthcoming Races close to the Undersigned TO-MORROW (Saturday), the 25th January instant.

It is requested that they may be sent to the Jockey Club Office, Chester Road (Ground floor of the Hongkong Club Annex) before 2 p.m.

T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, Jan. 24, 1919.

QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLEWORK
GUILD.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

By kind invitation of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, a General meeting of the Guild will be held at Government House on WEDNESDAY morning, Friday the 29th, at 11 o'clock.

All women are cordially invited.
H. E. The Officer Administering the Government will preside and Sir Havilland de Saussure, the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Mrs. Garner and Mrs. Stubb will speak.

ALICE D. HICKLING,
Hon. Sec. Q.M.N.G.
Hongkong, January 24, 1919.

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON
WEARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, January 7, 1919, at NOON for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts for the year ending December 31, 1918.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, January 22, 1919, to FRIDAY, February 7, 1919, BOTH DAYS INCLUSIVE.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. BROWN,
Secretary.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on MONDAY, January 27, 1919, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street, A Collection of Valuable Household & Office Furniture

On view from day of sale.
Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

on TUESDAY, January 22, 1919, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street, A Large quantity of Wines & Spirits

Comprising:—
25 cases Port Wine,
15 do Invalid Port,
12 do Superior Port,
12 do White Port,
50 do Henry Martin Cognac,
50 do Violande Beer (qtz.)
50 do do do (pts.)
Also
40 cases Fortreviver Wine Tonic (qtz. & pts.)
On view from Monday, the 27th inst.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, January 23, 1919.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

S.S. "EUADOR"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO,
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS AND
SHANGHAI.

THE above-mentioned vessel having arrived from the above-mentioned ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Cargo will be landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or extra Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk. Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be countersigned.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be landed on January 29, 1919, at 2.00 p.m.
All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. After the Goods have left the Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after January 31, 1919, will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.
Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.
J. ORAM SHEPHERD,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, Jan. 23, 1919.

NOTICES.

Lane, Crawford & Co.

GLOVES
DENTS HANDMADE GLOVES

ARE ALWAYS RELIABLE

WE HAVE A NICE SELECTION

FOR LADIES AND

GENTLEMEN

SUITABLE FOR ALL OCCASIONS.

SPECIAL VALUE

MEN'S BEAVER MOTOR
GAUNTLETS

LINED WOOL - - \$7.50 per pair.

Lane, Crawford & Co.

Telephone 1741.

FORTUNATE

ARE THE HOMES HAVING A

COLUMBIA
GRAFONOLA

FOR ITS GIFT OF BEAUTIFUL MUSIC BRINGS A
NEW AND DIFFERENT PLEASURE TO
EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:

THE ANDERSON MUSIC COY., LTD.

TEL. 1322

15, DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

FANCY PERFUMES,
EAU DE COLOGNE,
TOILET SOAPS,
MANICURE SETS.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

14, Queen's Road, Central.

Telephone No. 000.

THE
HERRING-HALL-MARVIN

SAFE

STANDS UNEQUALLED IN THE WORLD TO-DAY.

ALL SIZES IN STOCK—PRICES ON APPLICATION

MUSTARD & CO.,

4, DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL.

TELEPHONE 1186.

AGENTS IN POOCHOW, AMOY, SWATOW AND CANTON:

BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

Old Tom Gin

PURITAN BRAND

PER CASE

DUTY PAID - - - \$35

SOLE AGENTS:—

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD

QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

TEL. No. 125.

SHIPPING

R. & O. S. N. Co.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT

JAPAN, CHINA STRAITS, BURMA, COLOMBO, INDIA Etc.

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

Via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

S.S.	Leave Hong Kong about	Due Marseilles about	Due London about
"NORE"	23rd February	30th March	8th April
"NOVARA"	9th March	13th April	22nd April
"NELLOR"	26th March	30th April	10th May

SINGAPORE, COLOMBO AND BOMBAY.

"DILWARA"	15th January at Noon	due Bombay about 19th January
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SHANGHAI, MOU, KOBE Etc.

"DUNERA"	28th January	(to Shanghai only)
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Wireless on all steamers.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS, FREIGHTS, &c. apply to—

R. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON	Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
GENOA	Monthly service, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Company's Steamers.
MARSEILLES	Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
INDUS MARU	Monday, 19th Feb. at Noon.
BURNES	AIRER, RIO, DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DUMBA, & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.
SUMATRA MARU	Monday, 3rd Feb. at Noon.
BOMBAY	COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.
KENKON MARU	Monday, 27th Jan. at 10 a.m.
BATAVIA, SAMARANG, SOERABAYA	Monthly direct service.
UNAN MARU	Saturday, 1st Feb. at Noon.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE	Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N.Z., and ADELAIDE.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA	Regular fortnightly services touching at intermediate ports in Japan and taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS in connection with Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
AFRICA MARU	Tuesday, 25th Feb. at 3 p.m.
HAIPHONG	Three times a month service.
TAIYU MARU	Sunday, 24th February.
KEELUNG, TAKAO	Via SWATOW, AMOY.

These Steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class Saloon Passengers and will arrive and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office.

For TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

SOERU MARU Thursday, 30th Jan. at 8 a.m.

For KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.

KALIO MARU Sunday, 28th Jan. at 10 a.m.

JOSHIN MARU Monday, 27th Jan. at 9 a.m.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

K. YAMASAKI, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. No. 744 & 745.

JAVA-SAN FRANCISCO

via SINGAPORE, MANILA, HONGKONG, JAPAN and HONOLULU

Joint Service of the

"HOLLERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM LLOYD" Royal Mail Lines.

Next departure from HONGKONG:

TO SAN FRANCISCO

Steamer Tons Sails

"GROTIUS" 10,000 6th February, 1919.

These superior passenger-steamers have excellent accommodation for first and second class saloon passengers.

For further particulars apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LHM, Agents.

Telephone 1574-1575-1576.

Hongkong, 25th December, 1918.

OCEAN TRANSPORT CO., LTD.

(TAIYO KAIUN KAISHA)

FOR VANCOUVER & SEATTLE.

S.S. ORIDONO MARU On or about 27th January.

For Space and Particulars apply to:

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

with transshipment at CAIRO, in conjunction with the

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

AND APCAR LINE

Sailings from Hongkong.

For freight and further particulars apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA

(SOUTH SEA MAIL & S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers Between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

For JAPAN

BORNEO MARU On or about 24th Jan.

HOKUTO MARU On or about 10th Feb.

For JAPAN

HARRI MARU On or about 16th Feb.

BORNEO MARU On or about 10th Mar.

HOKUTO MARU On or about 28th Mar.

For Freight of Passage apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR FREIGHT or Passage, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

Telephone No. 35.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For

SHANGHAI via SWATOW, TAIWANG, TUESDAY, Jan. 28, 8 p.m.

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SHIPPING

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers, having good

Accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and Bank in Staterooms

and Saloons. "Kohlen" Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW

AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

HAITAN Capt. A. E. Hodgkin TUESDAY, 28th Jan. at 1 p.m.

SWATOW & AMOY

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Sze Koo Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.

General Managers.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry)

"CHINA" (10,000 tons, American Registry)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

Via SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU

"NANKING" March 27th, 1919.

"CHINA" February 28th, 1919.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS

PASSENGER SERVICE.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent.

Prince's Building, Lee House Street.

Tel. 1834.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

Via SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN and HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong.

HIBERIA MARU 20,000 21st January.

TENYO MARU 20,000 12th February.

KORRA MARU 20,000 16th Feb. from Kobe

SHINYO MARU 20,000 5th March.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,

SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, BALBOA, CALEA, ARIKA and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong:

ANYO MARU 18,000 Mar. 21st.

NIPPON MARU 11,000 May 7th.

KIYO MARU 17,000 July 12th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd.

and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

T. DAIGO, MANAGER, KING'S BUILDING.

Telephone Nos. 2374 and 2375.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

& BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

THE Steamship

"BLOEMFONTEIN"

will be despatched for—

NEW YORK via Panama Canal

about the middle of February.

For Freight and Further Particulars, apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,

General Agents.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,

DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE

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NOVARA	9th Mar., 1919	13th April	3rd May
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S.S.	From Hongkong about	Due Bombay about
DILWARA	12th January at 10 a.m.	19th January

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S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due
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Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors Messrs Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.
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Superintendent.

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SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT	SAILING DATE
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Inaba Maru, 12,000 tons	FRI., 24th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Iyo Maru, 12,300 tons	THURS., 20th Feb., at 11 a.m.
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	Tango Maru, 13,700 tons	SAT., 22nd Feb., at 11 a.m.
London or Liverpool via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Suez & Port Said.	Kosoku Maru, 7,000 tons	MON., 27th Jan.
Melbourne via Manila Zamboanga, Thursday Is., Townsville, Brisbane, & Sydney	Tamba Maru, 12,500 tons	FRI., 24th Jan., at Noon.
New York via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco & Panama Canal	Mishima Maru, 1,950 tons	MON., 17th Feb., at 11 a.m.
Bombay via Singapore, Malacca & Colombo	Nikko Maru, 2,500 tons	MON., 3rd Feb., at 11 a.m.
Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon	Kamakura Maru, 12,400 tons	WED., 13th Feb., at 11 a.m.
	Tain Maru,	7,000 tons
		SUNDAY, 26th Jan.
	Shinohira Maru,	7,000 tons
		TUESDAY, 28th Jan.
	Kotaka Maru,	— tons
		FRIDAY, 24th Jan.

§ Omitting Shanghai and/or Moji

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"Suwa Maru," MONDAY, 5th May, at 11 a.m.

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Hongkong, April 1, 1912

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
Liverpool via Spore, Pang & Cibo &c.	Mishima Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 17th Feb., at 11 a.m.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Siberia Maru	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 10th Feb., at Noon.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Toyo Maru	Toyo Kisen Kaisha	On 31st Jan.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Fushimi Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 13th Feb.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	China Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.	China Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.	On 20th Jan., at Noon
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Nanking	China Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.	On 27th March.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan &c.	Grotius	Java-China-Japan Line	On 1st Feb.
San Francisco via Panama Canal	Bismarck	Java-China-Japan Line	On 3rd Feb.
New York via Panama Canal	Victoria E.C. & Seattle via Spore &c.	The Bank Line Limited	About middle of Feb.
Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle & Tacoma	Africa Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Mar., at 11 a.m.
Australian Ports via Manila	Nikko Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Australian Ports via Japan	Kamakura Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 1st Feb.
Shanghai	Nippon Maru	Toyo Kisen Kaisha	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Butterfield & Swire	Butterfield & Swire	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Keelung via Swatow and Amoy	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy & Keelung	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Douglas Laprak & Co.	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Takao via Swatow & Amoy	Sushu Maru	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Manila	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 27th Jan., at 11 a.m.
Java	Borneo Maru	Dojima & Co., Ltd.	About 27th Jan.
London	Renkon Maru	Ozaka Shosen Kaisha	About 4th Feb.
London & Calcutta	Kwaikang	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 27th Jan., at 10 a.m.
Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Port Said	Nord	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 23rd Feb.
Singapore, Rangoon & Calcutta	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Jan.
Bombay, via Singapore, Malacca & Colombo	Tain Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Jan.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
From SAN FRANCISCO via HONGKONG, JAPAN PORTS and MANILA.

THE Steamship "SIBERIA MARU,"
The above named Steamer "SIBERIA MARU" with "KOREA MARU" cargo having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on January 27, 1919, at 5 P.M. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense and delivery must be taken from the Company's Godown.

Storage charges will be assessed on all cargo remaining undelivered on January 31, 1919, at 5 P.M.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No claim will be recognised after the goods have left the Steamer or Godown.

All chafed and damaged cargo will be landed into Company's Godown, where they will be examined on February 3, 1919, at 10 a.m.

No claim will be recognised if filed after February 5, 1919.

T. DAIGO,
General Manager,
Hongkong, January 23, 1919.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

From UNITED KINGDOM, COL. MB. & S. RAIS.

THE Steamship "GLENIFFER,"
having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or onto the wharves of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by January 28, at 5 P.M., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, on January 28, 1919, at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 30 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, January 22, 1919.

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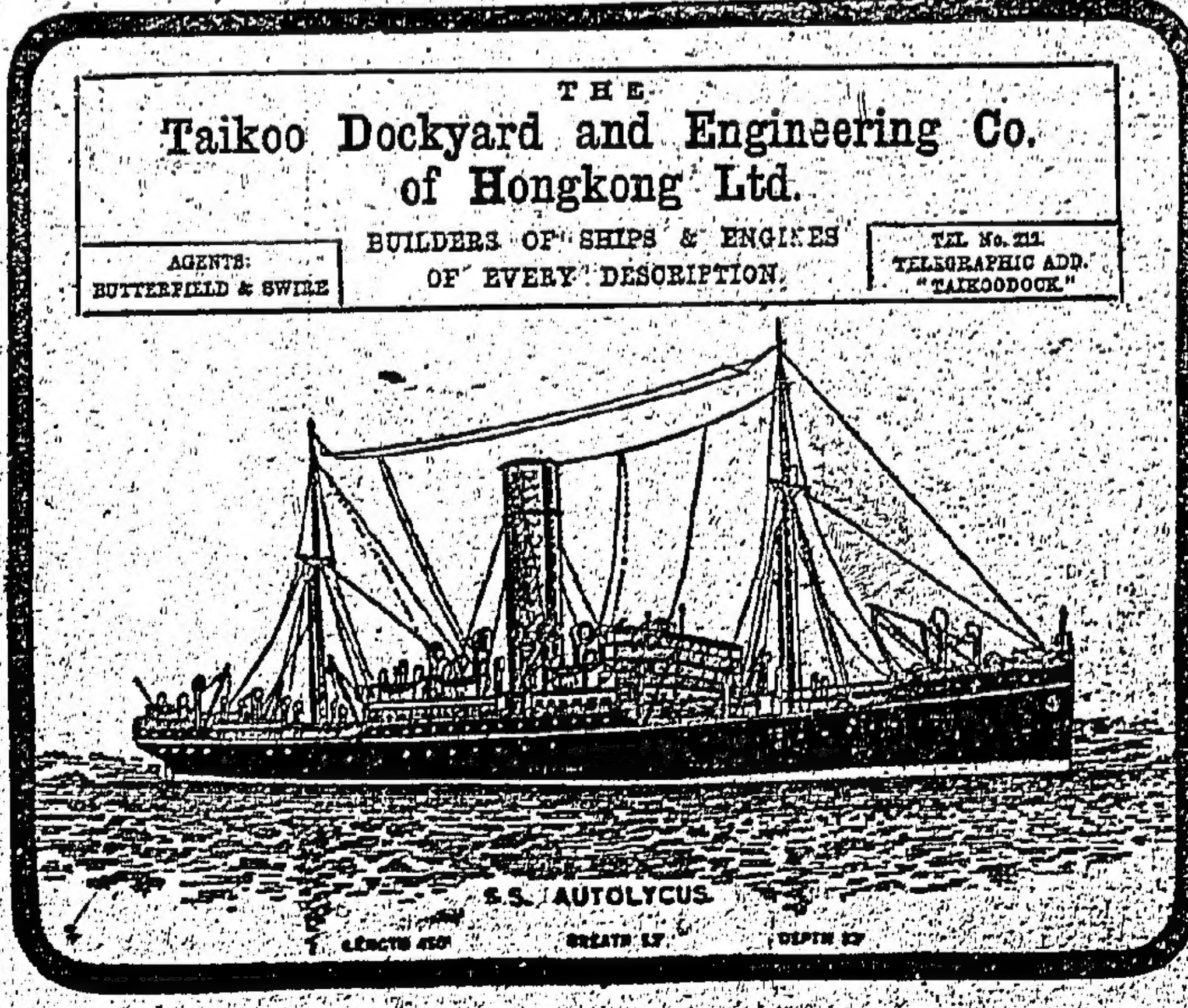
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S.S. AUTOLYCUS

EDINBURGH, Nov. 11.

Marshal Foch recently paid a high tribute to the Scottish soldiers in France and Flanders in a speech delivered to a Scottish Division. The full text of what he said is now published in the "Magazine of St. Columba's" (Church of Scotland), London. The gallant Scots, said Marshal, have always had a warm place in my heart, and in the hearts of every Frenchman, for we recall the close association with your country in days of old. To-day we are brothers in arms, and we rejoice to think that the splendid heroism of the Highlanders is at the service of France. In some of the recent fighting the Boche has thrown against the Highland Territorial Division odds more than ten to one. On one occasion a German Army commander sent to Headquarters an order for an increase of 50 per cent. in his garrison power and 25 per cent. in his reserves. Back from the Boche Headquarters came the question: "Why?" There are Highland regiments opposed to us," was the answer, and without any further discussion the Boche general got his extra men and guns. This did not avail him, for the Highlanders held their ground.

There is surely more of the romance of war in connection with the recent fighting than there has been, since 1914. Indeed if we have the opportunity to collect all the amazing experiences of the last few weeks they would form a fascinating volume, writes the *Press Association* correspondent at the Front. Among the instances of the Valencians fighting he narrates the following:—A company of Highlanders belonging to a famous Division were held up by three machine guns, as they charged the position and killed the teams. Then they were enfiladed by two more machine guns. These they likewise rushed, the crews surrendering as they saw the Scotties coming. This process of mopping up machine guns was repeated several times before the Highlanders could reach their objective. They had then killed outright 80 Germans, wounded many more, taken 40 prisoners, and either destroyed or brought away a round dozen of machine guns.

pressed our Scottish troops so much
by their reception by the French civil-
ians in the recaptured towns. Let-
ters from the front are full of it, and
the stories of the wounded supply
plenty of details. It is to be hoped
that the official cinematographers
have secured some films; they would
throw the "Relief" of Delhi and
other classic pictures into the shade.
An Argyll and Sutherland High-
lander writes to a friend in Glasgow,
"I saw things done in one village
which may not have been published
and which eloquently expresses the
feelings of the people here. We en-
tered one end of this village just ten
minutes after the German rearguard
cleared out at the other end, and we
rested for a few hours. Here again
we were fed and made much of.
Then the women brought buckets after
buckets of water and, sluiced the
streets and side-paths, and with long
brooms swept away the footprints of
the Boches! It was a typically
French action and sadly illustrated
of what these four years have meant
for them."

The provision of increased facilities for rapid communication will, it is understood, be among the first of the problems to engage serious attention when peace is declared. Ever during the war the question has not been neglected. In the South Pacific a fresh link in the chain of wireless communications has lately been forged by the opening of a radio station at Rarotonga, an island in the Cook group. Hitherto the island's only means of communication with the outside world has been by means of steamers, the nearest point, Tahiti, being distant "two days' journey." This drawback handicapped the export trade in fruit especially, and the fruit exporters agreed to pay a duty of 1d. a case on the produce passing through their hands, to provide for the maintenance of a wire plant. Now the island enjoys direct communication by wireless with Tahiti and Fiji, and is able to send messages to New Zealand and even Canada by means of cable extensions from Fiji.

Wall deserved promotion; he could do the way of that very capable officer, Lieut.-Col. Charles Ogston, C.M.G., D.S.O., who has been gazetted Divisional Adjutant and Quartermaster-General of the Forces. General Ogston is a son of Mr. Alexander M. Ogston of Ardoo, Kinraidshire, the senior partner of the great Aberdeen soap-making firm of Ogston, which a good many years ago was amalgamated with the Tennants of St. Helox, Glasgow. The Ogston business was founded about a hundred years ago by the grandfather of Mr. A. M. Ogston; originally he was a candle-maker, and when gas became the popular illuminant, he turned his attention to soap.

Mrs. Maria Ogilvie Gordon, D.Sc., who is to stand for Parliamentary honours in South Aberdeen, is one of the most learned ladies in Britain. She is described as a "regular knock-out" in geology and is an authority on the Dolomites. (Which reminds me that a certain young lady on my occasion put this question in my hearing. "Who were the Dolomites?" and received the answer "One of the tribes mentioned in the Old Testament"). Mrs. Ogilvie Gordon is a member of the Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, and of Dr. Frank Ogilvie, Director of the South Kensington Museum. She belongs to a remarkable family of Scottish educationists.

The Army Council have informed the British Services Committee that the permission has been given to the English, Irish, Scottish, and Welsh regiments to wear their national emblems on their respective national saint's days in the same way as is permitted to the Irish regiments. Glasgow St. Andrew's Society has resolved to avail itself of this permission by distributing to Scottish sailors and soldiers at home and abroad miniature St. Andrew's flags bearing fraternal greetings from the Society for St. Andrew's Day, 1918. Some 250,000 flags have been ordered, and arrangements made for their distribution to various Scottish units. The message sent to the Scots lads on service is this:—"To our brother Scots upholding the honour of the 'silver cross to Scotland dear' by land and sea warm fraternal greetings for St. Andrew's Day 1918, from the St. Andrew Society, Glasgow."

A year ago, many of us believed that the average American soldier was boastful, over-bearing, and not too efficient—a sort of Transatlantic Ancient Fisto! The process of enlightenment was begun by the American doctors attached to Scottish units. We found one Yank doctor bursting with conceit, it is true; but when he was conceited because he had been attached to a Scottish battalion (says L. J. M.). He lost no time in telling us that his grandfather had come from Scotland. On his second day with the battalion he "visited the Quartermaster and obtained a 'Bath'—and before the week was out he appeared in a kilt.

and visited the dispensary. He was anxious to time-hack the different our illusions. They never talked about themselves. Their conversation took the form of questions about everything, from the texture of the shell which had just been covered with dirt to the difference between a horn and a hump. Our enlightenment was completed when we took over a sector from an American Division. We had passed hundreds of wounded men making for the dressing stations. A number of them jolted merrily in motor lorries, but they grinned as we passed, and shouted, "A bon var you there, Joeek." And a little later, when we saw the position they had wrested from the Boche, a forest where every side and path was swept by machine guns, we realised that our first estimate of the Yank had been completely mistaken.

even his humour takes the form of understatement. "Say, Jock," Yank on his way up the line remarked, "I've got to go to that damned old shooting gallery to-night." He hates war almost as much as the poet does.

The Haigs of Bemerside have always been a martial family; and, as most of us know, more than 500 years ago our Scottish poet, Thomas the Rhymer, prophesied,—

"Tide, tide, whate'er betide,
There'll ye be Haigs of Bemerside."

A Haig fought with Wallace at the battle of Stirling Bridge. Another fought with Bruce's army at Bannockburn, and afterwards fought at Halidon Hill, where he fell. Gilbert Haig, the eighth Baron, held a command in the Scottish Army under the Earl of Ormond at the battle of Sark, which gained a complete victory over the Earl of Northumberland in 1450. William, tenth Baron, fell at Flodden. His son Robert was in the army of Regent Armin which defeated the English invaders at Anarum in 1544, and had the honour of capturing Lord Evers, one of the English generals. Four of the Haigs were killed fighting for the King of Rob-

RUBBER.

Much has been written and many suggestions have been made by planters, interests, and also on the side, for strengthening the financial conditions of the rubber industry, and although it constitutes a potential national asset, little has been done, and many of the young producing estates have for some time been carrying on operations at a loss, says the " Scotsman." The estates do not appear to have readily availed themselves of the financial assistance offered by the local Government. It is probable that the coming year will see a distinct change for the better in the shape of increased license facilities for shipments to America, where old stocks must necessarily tend to become reduced.

shares on offer at current quotation business in the Scottish markets continues restricted, says the Glasgow "Baillie," but with peace definite in sight it may be taken for certain that the discounting of prospects will not be long delayed. That dividend and yields will be poor for some time is generally recognised, but shares will be bought with an eye to the future of the plantation industries which may be regarded with the fullest confidence. Were the world peace requirements of rubber to be satisfied at once there would not be enough of the commodity to go round as stocks are no means large and where.

6 One of the most noticeable characteristics of the first-class professional is the firmness with which he plays all his shots, and particularly those with his driver. The timing is perfect, and the force is exerted at the right moment. Of course, says "Brassie" in "The Scottish Field," their accuracy is due mainly to practice, but their method is correct at the time. On the other hand, among amateurs we often see men with good swings who cannot by any stretch of the imagination be called long drivers. They "let up" on the shot, just at the moment the club should be swinging at its fastest. There is no vim in their hit. As the old S. A. Andrew's caddy used to say, "Ye must hit the ba'"—that is, you must get your shoulders into the stroke at the really effective hit being a combination of arm swing and shoulder push. Obviously the downswing must not be hurried; it should be even and should steadily increase in speed until the ball has sped on its way. A pretty style is attractive to the onlooker, but it is the player who gets the ball away well and straight that makes a good show of medal days. Accuracy and power are the two requisites for the making of a really good golfer.

Although the Rugby programme for the pre-war days, not compare with the post-war days, it is pretty safe to assume that the standard of living in this year than has been the case since the 1913-14 season. One reason is the release of medical students on service, which will enable the Scottish Universities to be strongly represented; the medical are older than the run of Arts men. Another reason is the desire of the authorities to give the men on active service and in training as many opportunities as possible to follow sport. So far the addition to the ranks of playing men has been such that the number of players in the game has been more numerous, and we may be certain that this improvement will be maintained.

team, composed of players of great school reputations, has proved to be strong for all the school teams, and it will take a lot of beating. Some of the military camps may be able to find a team strong enough, but so far there has been nothing found capable of stretching them.

JAPAN'S OCEAN PATROL

The 13th destroyer squadron, consisting of the destroyers "Nagatsuki," "Mimatsuki," "Usuki," and "Kikisuki," under command of Commandant Horichi, returned to Kure on December 10, after eight months' absence in the South Seas, where it discharged the duty of clearing commercial routes. The squadron left Kure in April last, and has since been operating in the waters near Singapore. The destroyers have challenged over 8,000 ships, of which 400 were ordered to stop and were examined. Starting on their return trip, they arrived in Manila on November 25, and stayed there until the end of that month. The Commandant of the destroyers says that while at Manila they received very cordial consideration from the American authorities. The squadron has cruised 1,800 miles, patrolling only once at Manila. While on patrol duty, the destroyers discovered a mine, but saw no traces of the enemy's fleet. The crews suffered severely from heat, and while 150 men were attacked by influenza, only five of them died from this disease.

January 25, 121.50 in. — Pressure has increased markedly over the Japan, decreased considerably over N. Formosa, the Loochoos and S. Japan, and decreased slightly to moderately elsewhere. The anticyclone continues to move eastward and is now central to the north or north-east of another anticyclone probably developing in China. Shallow depressions are situated over Tongking, the Eastern Sea, and to the east of Hokkaido.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending 30. 10. 1911 to-day, 0.00 inches. For the 24 hours 1.08 inches, against an average of 0.57 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on January 26, 1911.

ing later from N. or N.E.; cloudy generally, some rain.

1.—Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.

2.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamocks: The same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

1

[illegible]

C. W. JEFFREY, Chief Assistant,
Hankensborg Observatory, Jan 24, 1910:

1. BAROMETER, reduced to 33 degrees
Fahrenheit, on the level of the sea is 30
inches, tenths and hundredths.
2. TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in de-
grees Fahrenheit.
3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation,
the humidity of air saturated with
moisture being 100.
4. DIRECTION OF WIND, to two points.
5. FORCE OF WIND, according to
Beauford Scale.
6. STATE OF WEATHER, be blue sky,
disseminated cloud, drizzling rain, fog,
thick cloud, clearing, or a stage
passing shower, in equal, or a follow-
ing thunder, visibility w dew, wet
7. RAIN in inches, tenths and hun-

HONGKONG REGISTER.				
	Per day	On date at 5 p.m.	On date at 6 a.m.	On date at 3 p.m.
Barometer	30.00	29.84	29.82	
Thermometer	63	84	70	
Humidity	91	98	88	
Direction of Wind	E	E	E	
Force	4	2	2	
Weather	0	0	0	
Rain	0.00	0.10	0.00	

Hongkong Observatory, Jan. 24, 1919

HONGKONG TIDES.

The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea-level.

To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet.

January 25 to 31, 1915.							
Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER			LOW WATER		
		HIGHNESS Mean Time	Height	Feet	HIGHNESS Mean Time	Height	Feet
Sat.	25	m 3 10	8.6	8.9	m 8 49	3.3	
Sun.	26	m 3 10	8.7	9.0	m 9 04	3.4	
Mon.	27	m 3 11	8.8	9.1	m 9 21	3.5	
Tues.	28	m 3 12	8.9	9.2	m 9 38	3.6	
Wed.	29	m 3 13	9.0	9.3	m 9 55	3.7	
Thurs.	30	m 3 14	9.1	9.4	m 10 12	3.8	
Fri.	31	m 3 15	9.2	9.5	m 10 29	3.9	

In ancient times a nation defeated in war was left "with nothing but his eyes to weep with," to quote the grim saying attributed to Bismarck, but actually uttered by Sheridan, the ruthless-raider of the Shenandoah Valley. Indeed, when such prototypes of the predatory power of Germany as Ashur, or such world-conquerors as Napoleon, were victorious, a defeated people could hardly be said to have even their eyes, unless a slave-market was close at hand to receive them as merchandise. Modern ideas of civilised warfare, which began to be realised in Europe after the horrors of the Thirty Years War, and the hideous revolts of the Ukraine peasantry under Hmelniak, insisted that the conquered people might ransom their lives by the payment of an indemnity. Thus the indemnity, a punitive penalty, represented a great step forward in the process of mitigating the terrors of warfare.

may, a price for its folly or ill fortune. In the dynastic wars of the Eighteenth Century such payments were insignificant. War had become a princely game, conducted by small and highly trained armies, and the gamesters were contented with modest stakes. But Napoleon the Great, the first commander of a nation in arms which had to live on the enemy's country, exacted indemnities out of all proportion to anything of the kind in previous wars. He was in fact compelled to do so to help pay for the cost of his grandiose military adventures. The Peace of Tilsit (1807) was the most ignominious surrender Prussia had ever experienced. The crushing defeat at Jena and Auerstadt, followed by disgraceful capitulations of troops and fortresses, left Frederick William III at the mercy of the greatest world conqueror since Alexander the Great. Half his kingdom was lost, 15,000 men, and £40,000,000 of his treasure were exacted. How the War of Liberation was worked for by Stein and Hardenberg is a familiar story. The Prussian habit of evading a promise was exemplified in the reorganization of the Prussian army by Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, whereby the condition imposed by Napoleon that it should not exceed 45,000 men was evaded by replacing each body of men by another as soon as it had been trained. (It will be necessary for the Allies to watch the working out of the armistice conditions very carefully for all through history the German has been notorious for breaking the most solemn promises.) Between 1813 and the Battle of Waterloo Prussia lost 130,000 men and strained her finances to the utmost, and she could never have succeeded in throwing off the Napoleonic yoke but for the all-wise, ubiquitous help of British sea-power, the determining factor in the final stages of the world-struggle, though no great sea battle was fought after

Napoleonic wars of world conquest. Even if he had won the battle, which was the destruction of the, Imperial Guard, the inevitable issue would only have been postponed, for the man-power of France and her economic power were approaching exhaustion.

In July, 1815, the Allies entered Paris, and France was occupied for two and a half years by 300,000 of their troops. The total of the indemnities paid by France was £31,400,000. Seventy hundred million francs was paid as a contribution to the war bills of the Allies; England received 125 millions, Russia 100 millions, Austria 112 millions, Prussia 160 millions (being on the make, as usual), while the remainder was distributed among the lesser Powers. In addition to this specific war indemnity 753 million francs was paid to the four great Allied Powers to compensate them for spoliation and damages, and 100 millions on the score to the smaller nations. Of these further sums Prussia got the 'jackals' share, as well as the eagle's.

The surrender of Napoleon to Grant was the close of the American Civil War, of a fratricidal struggle, which provides no

The Canton Loos Road Cross Workers shipped on January 22, by the kindness of Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, to the Chairman, "British women's war Association," Shanghai, for the use of the Czechs Slovaks in Siberia four cases containing the following hospital supplies:— 11 Flannel Shirts, 24 Flannel Pyjamas, 18 Helpless case Shirts, 18 Cotton Vernal Shirts, 2 Cotton Shirts, 21 Flannel Ties, 2 Bandages, 240 Locker Cloths and Napkins, 18 Trousers Cloths, 4 Draw Sheets, 18 Straps, 48 Pillow Cases, 5 Bags assorted, 20 Towels, 20 Sheets, 20 Blankets, 20 Socks and Pads, 60 Flannellette Singlets, 102 Roller Bandages, 60 Flannel Mitten Tailored Abdominal Bandages, 8 Flannel Chest Bandages, 88 Guaze Chest Bandages, 32 Dyestuff Wads, 28 Knitted Swabs, 10 pair Knitted Ward Slippers, 12 Mop heads, 200 yds. Surgical Gaze, 14 Pneumonic Jacketts, 32 pair Woolen Socks, 6 pair Cashmere Socks, 8 Woolen Caps, 1 Woolen Lin Knee Cap, 12 Rubber Chaps, 2 Condoms, 2 Bags & Surgical Cases, 1 Rubber Cup, 74 Khaki Handkerchiefs, 72 Guaze Chaps, Many Tailored Bandages, 50 pieces Handkerchiefs, 5 pieces Surgical Gaze (100 yds. per piece).

Further, a sum of \$750. was sent to the Hong Treasures, "British women's war Association," Shanghai, to assist in purchasing for the Czechs Slovaks urgently needed Surgical Supplies and warm clothing.

The North did not reject at its victory over the South so that the task of reconciliation and reconstruction might begin at once. Nothing could have been finer than the mutual courtesy of the two great leaders who arranged the cessation of hostilities.

The surrenders at Sadowna and Sedan are not equal comparable with the present capitulation. Sedan saw the extinction of a dynasty, not the fall of a nation. Later on France was compelled to surrender, and we were reminded, in a series of articles published in the *Review*, of the way in which the brutal Prussians inflicted the maximum of humiliation on a nation which had begun too late to organize its national powers of resistance. Even the rapid native intelligence of Gambetta and his Southern driving powers could not accomplish impossibilities. Blamere himself admitted Gambetta, and a meeting would have been arranged between them if the latter had consented to say nothing about Alsace-Lorraine. The war indemnity of £200,000,000 exacted by the German victors was on the Napoleonic scale, and was intended furthermore, to prove that war was Prussia's chief national industry; was profitable business.

the Great and the megalomaniacs show man of himself who has resigned his crown under compulsion, not as a master of the art and science of war—as such he, many sided mind has been clearly read by Marshal Foch—but also one of the greatest administrators who ever lived. His work in peace is still part of the foundations of the French polity. It is certain that he would never have consented to such atrocious treatment of prisoners of war and of the people of occupied territories, as have disgraced the name of Germany for ever. If he were living, what counsel would he give to us as to the conditions of Germany's surrender? Surely he would say: "Do not omit to impose a punitive fine equal to the crimes of this felon people. There is no other way to convince them that their national industry is an anachronism. Make them pay for the privilege of retaining some vestiges of the towns they used, war lords and popes alike, for the achievement of such sinister purposes." Above all, see to it that all the sadistic conditions imposed are fully carried out. They will cheer you if they can, as they cheated me—after I, with foolish generosity, had reduced the Prussian indemnity. There was nothing in my career I regret more than that act of mercy to a mercenary race."

Pork Ribs—17,199 lbs.
 Semanggi Rubber—14,513 lbs.
 Siam Rubber—10,000 lbs.
 King Lee (Pork)—1,860 lbs.;
 Kuala Perkau—33,600 lbs.;
 Hovee (Johore)—87,440 lbs.
 Buaya—21,141 lbs.
 Bonar—10,780 lbs.
 Peng Peng—19,840 lbs.
 Hooietta—3,450 lbs.
 Lungai Matang—20,792 lbs.
 Laras (Sumatra)—30,123 lbs.
 Alama—35,001 lbs.
 Alama—13,574 lbs.
 Peng Towah—27,000 lbs.
 Bataung Banar—24,318 lbs.
 Batu Anam—24,000 lbs.
 Batu Village—2,807 lbs.
 Batu Lintang—8,910 lbs.
 Buntar—3,475 lbs.
 Buntar—18,055 lbs.
 Bukit Toh Aleng—17,995 lbs.
 Cheng—17,507 lbs.
 Chomor United—25,713 lbs.
 Kunt—21,549 lbs.
 Kelantan—17,158 lbs.
 Jeram Kunyit—14,761 lbs.
 Rapala—10,610 lbs.
 Kapoyang—16,700 lbs.
 Kelubi—2,313 lbs.
 Kuala Kelua—61,699 lbs.
 Kelantan Kelua—10,000 lbs.
 Kamunting—29,410 lbs.
 Kota Batroo—30,224 lbs.
 Kuala Kangsar—25,988 lbs.
 Kukup—20,643 lbs.
 Landan—33,169 lbs.
 Lebong—65,884 lbs.
 Pengkalang Durian—14,884 lbs.
 Sanderoof—21,800 lbs.
 See Koo—9,853 lbs.

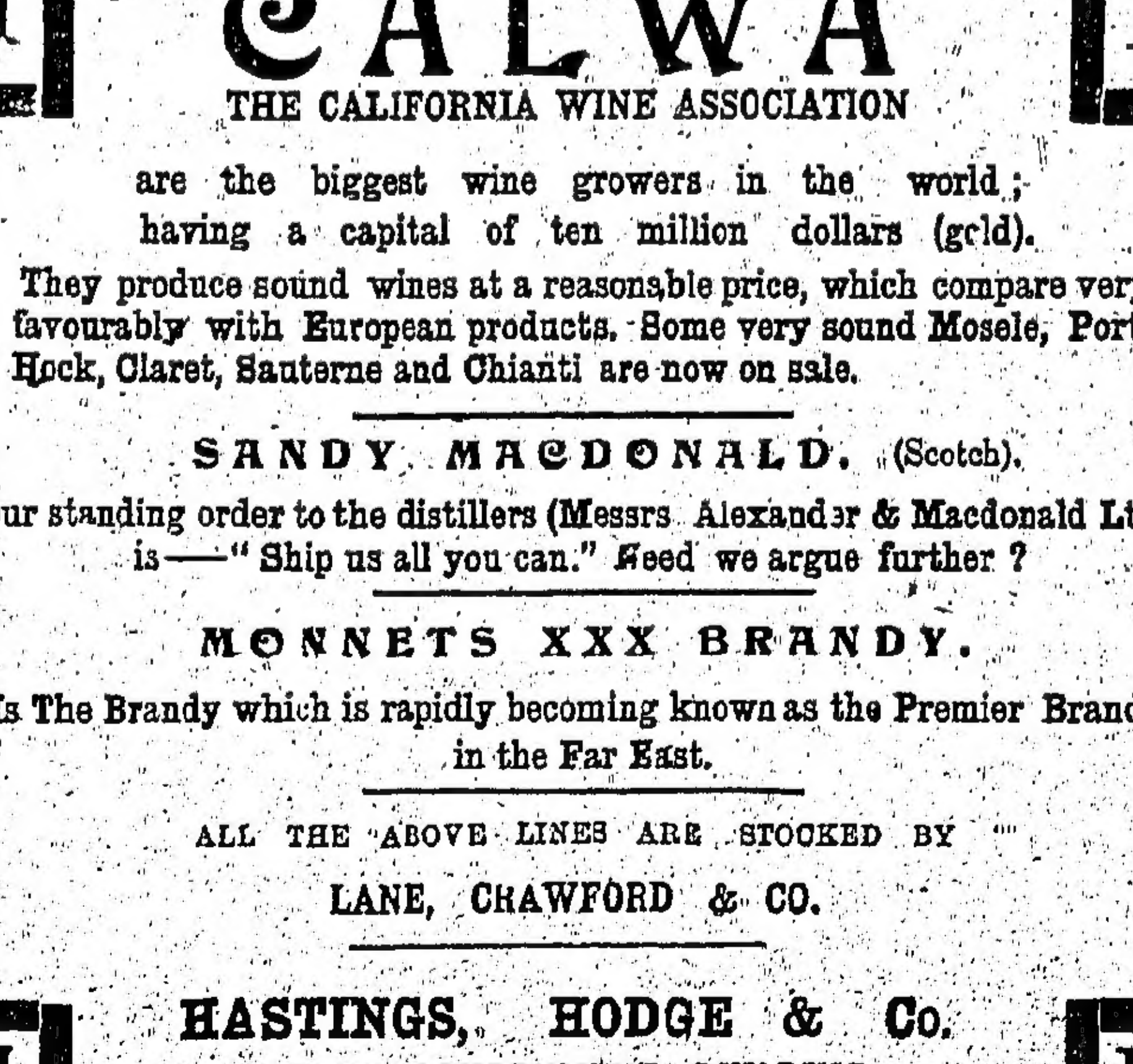
Shanghai Nelayan, —14,770 lbs.
Shanghai Kelabang, —11,374 lbs.
Shanghai, —25,572 lbs.
Shanghai Pakang, —14,836 lbs.
Shanghai Seremban, —19,847 lbs.
Sua Mangais, —32,00 lbs.
Sudok, —16,887 lbs.
Sungai, —10,352 lbs.
Sungai Baga, —14,010 lbs.
Sungai Duri, —28,134 lbs.
Sungai Klah, —35,303 lbs.
Tengah Merah, —48,590 lbs.
Tanjong Pan, —28,924 lbs.
Tebra, —81,403 lbs.
Ulu, —1,042 lbs.
Bukit Sembawang, —40,000 lbs.
Singapore Union, —41,807 lbs.
Sungai Buaya (Smat), —35,5,
Kwao Riber, —36,245 lbs.
Sungai Bantuchapang, —11,700
Sungai (Sungai), —54,000 lbs.
Djering, —21,888 lbs.
Langen, —53,200 lbs.
Kintone, —59,602 lbs.
United Sordang, —283,173 lbs.
Sungai, —103,119 lbs.
Tanjung, —70,00 lbs.
Anglo-Sumatra, —66,373 lbs.
Sunei Sari, —29,088 lbs.
Taneh Datar, —10,309 lbs.
Asahan (Sumatra), —24,324 lbs.
Bah, —7,297 lbs.
Batu (Sumatra), —32,117 lbs.
Mendang Sumatra, —54,943 lbs.
Bila Sumatra, —18,261 lbs.
Central Sumatra, —12,616 lbs.
Sering Rambah, —19,320 lbs.
Bekit Kelang, —44,016 lbs.
Sungai, —38,000 lbs.
Malacca, —287,700 lbs.
Linggi, —156,551 lbs.
Jelay Besar, —13,044 lbs.
Sundayan (P.M.S.), —29,003 lbs.
Wampoa Tobacco and Rubber

United Malacca, —12,192 lbs.
months, 90,565 lbs.
Malacca Pinda, —31,520 lbs., four
23,634 lbs.
Rubber Plantations Investment

Chinese School in Manila

The construction in Manila of a school for Chinese students will be undertaken at once, the contract for which has already been let. It will be a two-story building, and is estimated to cost P200,000. The lower story will be built and used as a warehouse, where the Chinese men interested in the project store their most valuable imports. The upper story will occupy the second and third floors of the building, which will be built with

DO YOU COUGH?
DON'T overstrain the fine men-
of your throat in trying to di-
the phlegm. Chamberlain's Cough
Syrup will accomplish this for you
cure the cold that is causing it. For
all Chemists and Storekeepers.



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THE CALIFORNIA WINE ASSOCIATION

are the biggest wine growers in the world;
having a capital of ten million dollars (gold).

They produce sound wines at a reasonable price, which compare very
favourably with European products. Some very sound Moselle, Port,
Hock, Claret, Sauterne and Chianti are now on sale.

SANDY MACDONALD. (Scotch).


Our standing order to the distillers (Messrs. Alexander & Macdonald Ltd).
is—"Ship us all you can." Need we argue further?

MONNETS XXX BRANDY.

Is The Brandy which is rapidly becoming known as the Premier Brandy
in the Far East.

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NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDING.



H

TEL. 188
TEL. 188

BANKS

1000

BOATS DUE TO ARRIVE
AND DEPART.

VESSELS DUE TO ARRIVE.

JANUARY 24.	KEIFUKU MARU, N.Y.K., from Japan.
JANUARY 25.	EUADOR, Pacific Mail, from San Francisco.
JANUARY 26.	SANUKI MARU, N.Y.K., from Singapore.
JANUARY 27.	SPRING, M.M., from Shanghai.
JANUARY 28.	TENKAI MARU, N.Y.K., from Singapore.
JANUARY 29.	TAIYAN MARU, N.Y.K., from Japan.
JANUARY 30.	SHINCHIKU MARU, N.Y.K., from Japan.
JANUARY 31.	HYSON, B. and S., from Japan.
FEBRUARY 1.	CYCLOPS, B. and S., from Singapore.
FEBRUARY 2.	KOSOKU MARU, N.Y.K., from Singapore.
FEBRUARY 3.	PIRREUS, B. and S., from Liverpool.
FEBRUARY 4.	COURAGEOUS, Pacific Mail, from San Francisco via Vladivostok.
FEBRUARY 5.	NOVARA, P. and O., from London.
FEBRUARY 6.	TENYO MARU, T.K.K., from San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 7.	ATREUS, B. and S., from Liverpool.
FEBRUARY 8.	HOKUTO MARU, D. and Co., from Japan.
FEBRUARY 9.	HEUTOR, B. and S., from Liverpool.
FEBRUARY 10.	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, Canadian Pacific, from Vancouver.
FEBRUARY 11.	BANRI MARU, D. and Co., from Japan.
FEBRUARY 12.	ELPENOR, B. and S., from Liverpool.
FEBRUARY 13.	COLOMBIA, Pacific Mail, from San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 14.	AGAPENOR, P. and O., from London.
FEBRUARY 15.	PROTESILAIUS, B. and S., from Singapore.

DEPARTING VESSELS.

JANUARY 24.	TAMBA MARU, N.Y.K., for Liverpool.
JANUARY 25.	KEIFUKU MARU, N.Y.K., for Calcutta via Singapore.
JANUARY 26.	BORNEO MARU, D. and Co., for Java.
JANUARY 27.	SANUKI MARU, N.Y.K., for Japan.
JANUARY 28.	TAIYAN MARU, N.Y.K., for Bombay via Singapore and Colombo.
JANUARY 29.	TENKAI MARU, N.Y.K., for Japan.
JANUARY 30.	SHINCHIKU MARU, N.Y.K., for Calcutta via Singapore.
JANUARY 31.	INABA MARU, N.Y.K., for Japan.
FEBRUARY 1.	EUADOR, Pacific Mail, for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 2.	HYSON, B. and S., for Japan via Shanghai.
FEBRUARY 3.	NINGCHOW, B. and S., for London.
FEBRUARY 4.	SIBERIA MARU, T.K.K., for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 5.	KOSOKU MARU, N.Y.K., for Japan.
FEBRUARY 6.	GRIOTUS, J. C. J. L., for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 7.	NIKKO MARU, N.Y.K., for Sydney.
FEBRUARY 8.	WILKS, J. C. J. L., for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 9.	CYCLOPS, B. and S., for Seattle, via Japan.
FEBRUARY 10.	CHINA, China Mail, for San Francisco via Japan and Honolulu.
FEBRUARY 11.	PIRREUS, B. and S., for Japan, via Shanghai.
FEBRUARY 12.	TENYO MARU, T.K.K., for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 13.	SUMATRA MARU, O.S.K., for Buenos Aires and Rio de Janeiro.
FEBRUARY 14.	ELPENOR, B. and S., for Japan, via Shanghai.
FEBRUARY 15.	BANRI MARU, D. and Co. for Japan.
FEBRUARY 16.	COLOMBIA, Pacific Mail, for San Francisco.
FEBRUARY 17.	AGAMEMNON, B. and S., for Liverpool.
FEBRUARY 18.	NORE, P. and O., for London, via Shanghai.
FEBRUARY 19.	AGAPENOR, P. and O., for London, via Shanghai.
FEBRUARY 20.	PROTESILAIUS, B. and S., for Seattle.
FEBRUARY 21.	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, Canadian Pacific, for Vancouver.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMER.

The P. & O. S.S. Co. "Diana" left Singapore for this port on the 23rd instant with the outward English Mail, and is due here on the 31st instant at about noon.

EVERYDAY ROMANCES.

A beautiful woman is Nature's greatest gift. An ugly woman is a Tragedy. But a plain woman is a Disaster. And Emma, from the pictorial point of view, was a Disaster.

But Nature, having a law of compensation, gave to Emma an overflowing measure of Romance.

Romance had no decorative appurtenances in Valombrosa Terrace. You would as soon have thought of seeking her there as of meeting a poet with a banking account, or a fully robed Cardinal on a scooter; or watching a fairy purchase a horseshoe sofa. But to Emma the Terrace glowed with golden possibilities, as, for instance, you never knew what might happen when you ran out to the post, or when, as once happened, the milkman, after an unusually political evening at the Spotted Dog, brought round the morning milk with rum in it.

And Emma dressed her Romance as best she could. She had a piece of moth-eaten rabbit-skin, which she alluded to as "my fur." She possessed a painfully obvious pearl necklace, which would have given any oyster a fit, which she kept in cotton-wool in a cigarette tin. And, above all, Emma wore a Guards' badge, even though she had the softest of hearts.

The war had, of course, touched Valombrosa Terrace, and out of its grime and poverty, and sanitary dustbins, which were its avenue, glorious martial figures left inglorious houses, and came or did not come back, as the Fates decreed. Not one of them had ever looked at Emma, but she called them "Our Boys."

Emma filled the humble parrot of slavery; that is to say, for a few shillings and her keep she cleaned a four-story house, called and waited upon five lodgers and the two Miss Girdles, cleaned the boots, did the fires, and was as the back and curse of every body.

In spite of that, Emma herself, whenever she had the chance, cleaned herself and her own attic until they both shone. Now, Emma's taste for soldiers ran high; Romance saw to that. She had conceived the idea of papering the walls of her attic with portraits from the illustrated papers, and her bed faced pictures of men dying at their guns and views of trenches and ruined villages; but in a line there were pasted her heroes, among them most prominently Sir Douglas Haig and Marshal Foch.

It was for these two Emma conceived the great idea. Secretly, and at the expense of weeks of saving, was knitting each of them a pair of socks.

"Winter comforts for our troops," she would say as she put all her starved love into the stitches. "I'd lay me and on me 'ear and swear they forgets the Generals. You don't never see nothing about muffers nor socks for them as has done the leading of Our Boys."

Emma was a little doubtful of the socks for General Foch. "Red, white and blue would make 'em too good a mark for them dirty snipers," she thought, for she had begun the socks a very long time ago, "and then, of course, though open work is very French, it wouldn't keep the wet out." It came to bright blue in the end, because "I know 'e's got blue eyes, from 'is picture."

It was more than a little lonely to live in Valombrosa Terrace with a war going on and no young man, and never to be able to say on the rare Sunday out, "My boy's coming 'ome on leave next week." But the high purpose of the General's socks kept her heart up until one day they were finished.

And there they lay in tissue paper at the bottom of Emma's box, and she lay awake at night wondering how to send them.

And then as the grey mists of November hung about the streets, Romance, pitying Emma, performed her miracle.

It was a night when even the Terrace looked beautiful, when the dimmed street lamps seemed to hang in the air like low and friendly moons, when the ugliness of the houses was shrouded in a curtain of blue mist, and the pavement's window, catching the light of a lamp, looked like a cave of Aladdin's jewels.

Emma (oh! how she thanked her Maker afterwards for it) had popped on her fur against the chill as she ran out to the post for one of the lodgers, and as she came in the misty shadows to the letter-box, there she stood. He leaned, rather, against the pillar-box, trench helmet, rifle pack, everything, and covered with the glorious romantic loathsome mud of Flanders.

"He," he was called, in a slightly thick voice, "where the purple sacrifice am I?"

"Valombrosa Terrace, sir," Emma replied, gasping the words out. A soldier had spoken to her!

"Is it?" said the soldier. "Then 'ow the sufferin' 'Ebrides do you get out of it? I got to get to a bloomin' 'ut."

Visions of glory floated before Emma's eyes; she dared everything; she put forth all her great power of Romance. "You wait ere, sir," she said, "while I pop on me 'at, and I'll show you. You will wait, won't you?"

"Why, it's a bloomin' girl!" said the soldier, as he lurched a little. "Ere, Jimmies, I'm dead sleepy, that's 'ere. I am. I'll wait. Get your 'at and 'urry, there's a darling."

She tore away and arrived breathless in her attic. Even at the risk of keeping him another second she dove into her box for her pearls, and her hands touched the sacred socks. "Never mind," she said; half weeping. "I called me 'is darling, and 'e shall 'ave 'em. God bless 'im."

So Emma led the soldier to the nearest hut, and he held her tight round the waist all the way, really because his feet were a little unsteady. And under a lamp, just before they arrived at the hut, Emma gave him the socks. His mind cleared for a moment, and his eyes fell upon Emma's plain, very plain, face raised to his. "Take 'em," she said, almost bravely, "I made 'em for you. Take 'em."

"You ain't much to look at, but your 'eat's all right," said Emma, and she felt his lips on hers. And then, as she stood there panting he was swallowed up in the mist.

And that night she knelt before the pictures of Sir Douglas Haig and Marshal Foch, and cried, "Oh, please forgive me, gentlemen," she said with tears of joy running down her face.

"But 'e kissed me, gentlemen, and I'd 'ave 'im anything—Ere, the 'Daily Chronicle'."

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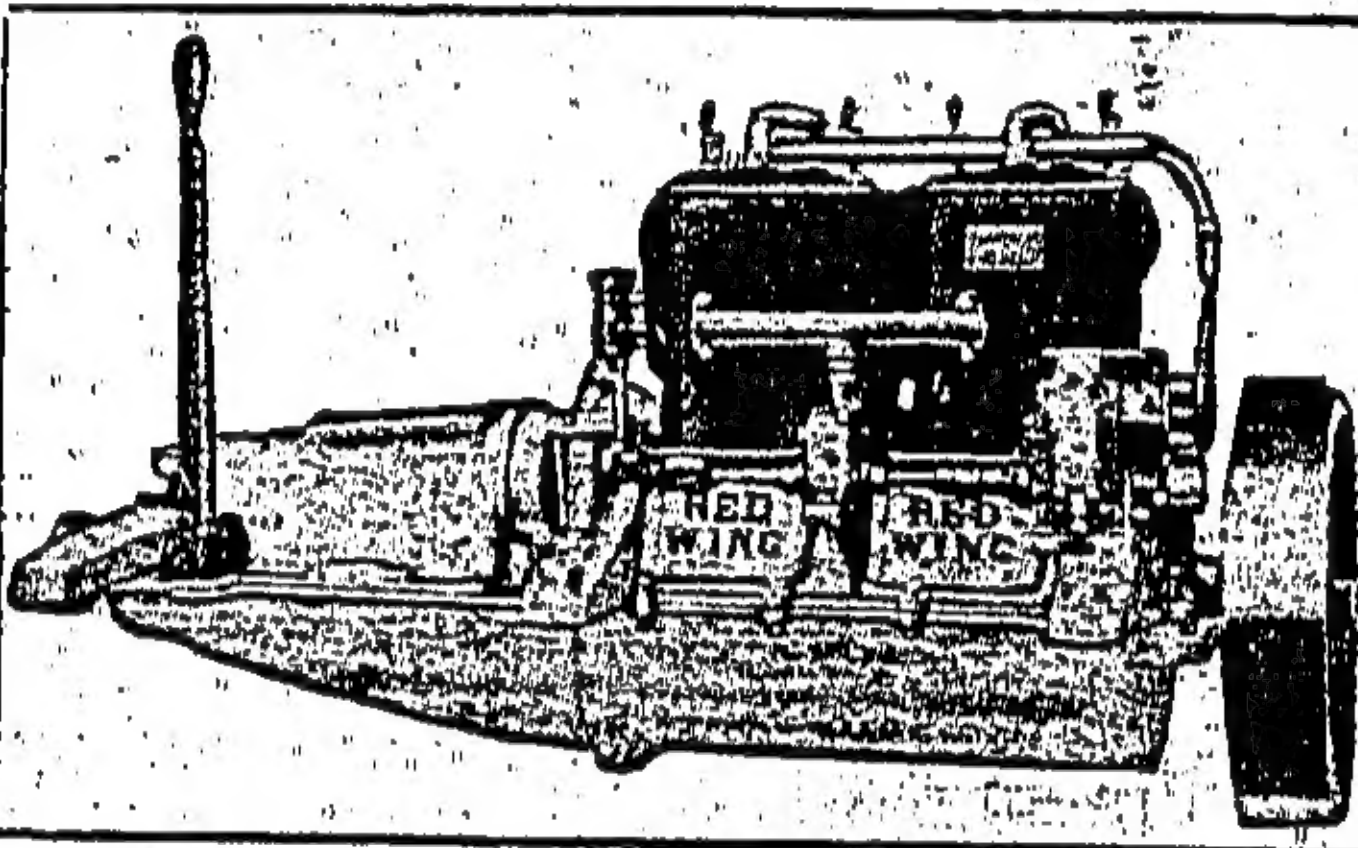
In bottles \$1.25 and \$2.00 each.

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THE RED WING ENGINE HAS BEEN FACTURED FOR THE PAST 17 YEARS. IT IS THEREFORE NOT A NEW AND UNTRIED PRODUCT. IT HAS STOOD UP DAY IN AND DAY OUT IN THE SEVEREST SERVICE, WHICH THE MANY THOUSANDS IN USE WILL TESTIFY.



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WE SHALL BE PLEASED AT ALL TIMES TO SUPPLY ANY INFORMATION REGARDING THE RED WING MOTOR OR TO GIVE A PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION OF WHAT THE MOTOR CAN DO.

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YOU PROBABLY READ BOOKS.
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It is to satisfy your requirements that we pay rent, rates, taxes and other incidentals.

WILL YOU NOT GRANT US THE PRIVILEGE OF YOUR CUSTOM?

Brewer & Co.,

Tel. No. 696. 23, Queen's Road Central.

"You ain't much to look at, but your 'eat's all right," said Emma, and she felt his lips on hers. And then, as she stood there panting he was swallowed up in the mist.

And that night she knelt before the pictures of Sir Douglas Haig and Marshal Foch, and cried, "Oh, please forgive me, gentlemen," she said with tears of joy running down her face.

"But 'e kissed me, gentlemen, and I'd 'ave 'im anything—Ere, the 'Daily Chronicle'."

The soldier bent over her, looking into her eyes. "Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

"Strike me," he said,

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"Strike me," he said,

POST OFFICE.

The parcel post service to Cuba is suspended.

It is notified that all restrictions as to the use of wireless telegraphy by Merchant Vessels on the China Station have been abolished.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

No official letter addressed to Abadan, Ahwas or Mohammarah in the Persian Gulf may exceed eight ounces in weight.

The insured letter and insured parcel services between Egypt (for in transit through Egypt) and Cyprus are temporarily suspended.

Uninsured parcels for the United Kingdom will in future be forwarded from Hongkong in bags and the Public and therefore advised to pack such parcels very carefully.

Until further notice parcels for civil addresses in the provinces of Venice, Vicenza, Trieste Padua, Venice and Belluno in Italy will not be accepted for transmission unless posted under the British War Office Permit.

The Parcel Post Services to British East Africa and Egypt (except for members of the Expeditionary Forces) and to Abyssinia, Bagdad, Aden, French Somali Coast, Italian Somaliland, Portuguese East Africa, Zanzibar and Russia have been suspended.

Registered and Parcel Mails close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

INWARD MAILS.

SATURDAY, January 25.
Europe via Nippon Mail—Per ORIONDO MARU.

FRIDAY, January 31.
Straits—Per DUNERA.

SATURDAY, February 1.
Straits—Per CHUNANG.

OUTWARD MAILS.

SATURDAY, January 25.
Haiphong—Per DAITOKU MARU, 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, January 26.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung—Per JOSHIN MARU, 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung—Per RAJO MARU, 9 a.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per YINGCHOW, 9 a.m.

MONDAY, January 27.
Swatow and Straits—Per TAMING, 8 a.m.
Swatow, Shanghai and North China—Per TAI ANGI, 5 p.m.
Haiphong—Per LOESANG, 5 p.m.

TUESDAY, January 28.
Shanghai and North China—Per SINKIANG, 11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow—Per HAIYAN, 1 p.m.
Weihsaiwei and Chedoo—Per KUEICHOW, 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, January 29.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow via Takao—Per SOSHU MARU, 5 p.m.

THURSDAY, January 30.
Shanghai and North China—Per SUIYANG, 11 a.m.
Philippine Islands, Straits, Bangkok and Europe via Buz—Per NINGCHOW, 5 p.m.

FRIDAY, January 31.
Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, Honolulu, Canada, United States, Central and South America and EUROPE via San Francisco—Per SIBERIA MARU, Registration 9 a.m., Letters 10.30 a.m.
Philippine Islands—Per YUENSANG, 2 p.m.

FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN
BRANCH P.O.

FOR	WEEK-DAYS	SUNDAYS	HOLIDAYS
Macao	7.30 A.M.	8.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
Canton	7.30 A.M.	8.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
Samshui	8.30 A.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.30 P.M.
Tai Ping	9.30 P.M.	8.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Tung	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Shek Ki	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Kongmoon	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Kamshuk	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Kaukeng	8.00 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	8.00 P.M.
Except Saturdays	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.	4.00 P.M.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS.

OUTWARD.

FOR	WEEK-DAYS	SUNDAYS	HOLIDAYS
Tai Po	Noon	11.00 A.M.	
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	
Chung Chow	7.30 A.M.	11.00 A.M.	
Shantankou, Shatin, Sheungshui, Antau, Hing Shan and Bantin	4.00 P.M.	11.00 A.M.	
Aberdeen, Sai Kung and Stanley	4.30 P.M.	11.00 A.M.	
Canton and Samshui	7.30 A.M.	8.00 P.M.	
Wachow	4.00 P.M.	8.00 P.M.	
Macao	7.15 A.M.	4.00 P.M.	
Kongmoon	8.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.	
Namtau and Samshui	8.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.	
Shantankou	10.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

THE
Tel. No. 1743. **CORONET** Tel. No. 1743.
Jan. 23, 24, 25 & 26.
at 5.15 & 9.15 p.m.

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IN FIVE PARTS.

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IN TWO PARTS.

etc. etc.

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TO-NIGHT! at 9.15 p.m. TO-NIGHT!!

AMERICAN GAZETTE No. 21.

"MARBLE HEART"

featuring KING BAGGAT.

"HOGAN OUT WEST." (Keystone Comedy.)

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Saturday 2.15 p.m. and 5 p.m.
and Sunday at 6 p.m.

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Screening—1st, 2nd & 3rd Episodes of

"THE VOICE ON THE WIRE."

FRIDAY, January 24th. Matinee at 5.15 p.m.

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"TENNESSEE'S PARTNER."

A beautiful Paramount drama in 5 parts, featuring "Fannie Ward."

on SATURDAY January 25, see VIVIAN MARTIN in

"THE STRONGER LOVE."

THEATRE ROYAL

Two Nights Only.

BY THE TWO GREAT ARTISTES

SKLAREVSKI, Pianist
SYKORA, Cellist.

ON
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 23, and SATURDAY, Feb. 1.
at 9.15 p.m.

PRICES \$3, \$2 and \$1.

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